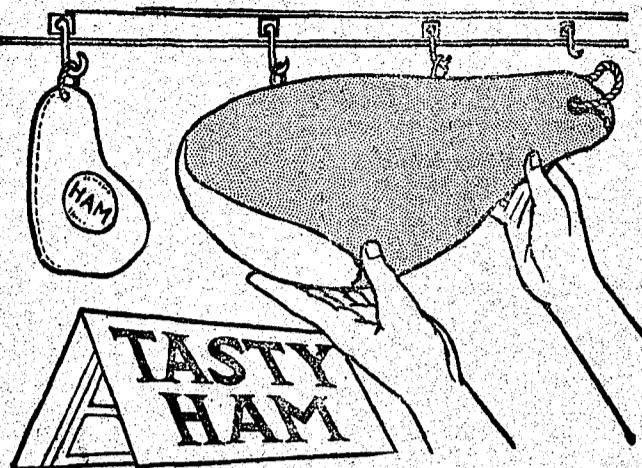




JUSTICE AND RIGHT

VOLUME XXXVIII.



HAMS of all kinds in this butcher shop may be entirely relied upon. They are all first class and guaranteed to be of the highest quality—smoked and cured right. When you deal with us you may be sure that you are getting a square deal all the time.

Milk's Market

F. H. Milks
Phone No. 2

Overland \$615
F. O. B. Toledo

FIVE PASSENGER TOURING CAR
Model 75 \$615

L. J. KRAUS, Agent
GRAYLING, MICH.

WE ARE AGENTS FOR
HARCOURT & CO.
INCORPORATED
LOUISVILLE, KY.
THE LEADING STATIONERS AND
MANUFACTURING ENGRAVERS
ORDERS FOR
ENGRAVED CARDS, INVITATIONS, PERSONAL AND BUSINESS
STATIONERY, ETC. May be left with us with the assurance that the work when completed will mark the user as "correct" and meet every requirement of the most discriminating taste.

THE CRAWFORD AVALANCHE
PRINTING and ADVERTISING. GRAYLING, MICH.

Ford
THE UNIVERSAL CAR

The Ford Sedan—made and sold every day of the year. A woman's car in all details; cozy, refined, smart, easy to drive, easy to care for. The convenience of an electric car with sturdy endurance and Ford economy. The price of the Sedan is \$740; Coupelet \$590; Runabout \$390; Touring Car \$440; Town Car \$640, f. o. b. Detroit. On display and sale by

George Burke, Frederic, Mich.
Agent for Crawford and Northern Roscommon Counties

M. N. G. IN CAMP AT RESERVATION

Six Thousand Men in Military Training, Preparatory to Leave for the Mexico Border. 31st Regiment Ordered to Front Soon as Ready.

From a land of green fields arose over Saturday a city of a thousand of tents, sheltering about six or seven thousand of Michigan's youth. From the calmness that usually prevails around Portage Lake there is now a bustling military camp.

Advance trains began arriving last Friday and also advance arrivals for the care of supplies and other equipment. Saturday morning at about

Pettys and Miss Vita Clemonce, both of Flint. Rev. Thos. E. Swan, chaplain of the regiment officiated, using the beautiful Episcopalian marriage service.

Governor Ferris arrived unexpectedly in the afternoon, Tuesday and made a careful inspection of the entire camp. At 7:00 p. m. the entire brigade of Michigan, over 6,000 men,

ELECTED STATE TREASURER OF L. O. O. M.

Allen B. Failing Cops Plumb at State Meeting at Muskegon.

When Allen B. Failing, Efner Matson, Wm. H. Cody and A. C. Olson left Grayling last week Wednesday to attend the state meeting of the Loyal Order of Moose at Muskegon, they had no idea of trying to land one of the grand offices.

It wasn't because they believed that none of them were qualified to fill one of the offices, but because our lodge is practically a young lodge and, as usual, the high offices are passed around among the older members.

In the appointment of committees, Mr. Failing was honored with chairmanship of the finance committee, which position he filled in his usual competent manner. At about this time it was rumored that, as all the old officers had been most satisfactory, they would probably be re-elected.

LADIES GRASP THIS OPPORTUNITY

We are making especially attractive offerings in everything for summer wear for women, girls and children, both in ready-to-wear and in fabrics. Exceptionally attractive is our line of waists, lingerie and wash goods generally. You will be more than pleased with our lines of hosiery, which we are selling at very close prices. Prices, though, are distressing close on all lines and in every department. It is worth a trip to see them.

Emil Kraus
GRAYLING'S LEADING DRY GOODS STORE

"I HAVE REGAINED FORMER ENERGY."

Mrs. Hackley Comes Out Strongly

In Favor of Tanlac.

Mrs. Addie Hackley, of Mattawan, Michigan, writes:

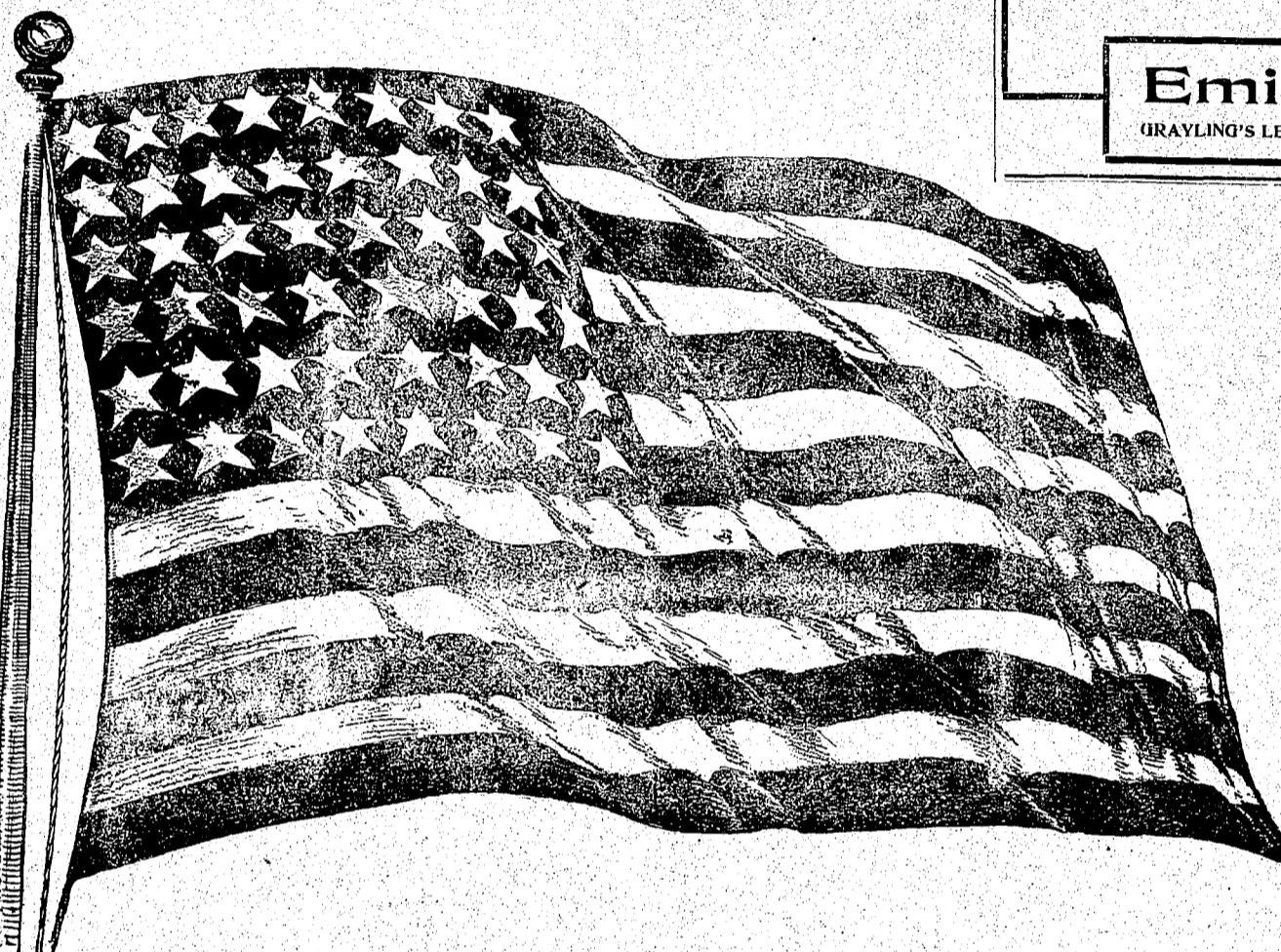
"Tanlac has given me the first relief from stomach trouble and nervousness I have known in eight years. My nerves have been in a terrible condition and the least little excitement would upset me badly and cause me great distress. I hardly knew what it was to get a good night's rest. My stomach became disordered and my digestion impaired. I lost my appetite and the sight of food would sometimes nauseate me. I was depressed and melancholy.

"After reading about Tanlac I decided to try it and got my husband to get me a bottle in Kalamazoo. Since using the medicine regularly I feel like a different woman. My nerves are steady and my stomach is in good condition. I have a good appetite and good digestion. I have regained my former energy and ambition. I am glad to praise Tanlac for it is a good medicine for all."

Tanlac may be obtained at the store of A. M. Lewis.

You may be next. Why don't you buy some Tanlac?

GEO. L. ALEXANDER & SON.



7:15 the first troop trains arrived, carrying the first section of the 33rd in from Detroit.

From that time on and at intervals all day long, trains arrived from the north, south and west, each with its load of young men, ready to do service in the interest of their country.

Fresh from their comfortable homes and loved ones, from the work shop, the mill, office or profession, they came and there was no sign of flinching among the many faces peering from the car windows as they passed thru Grayling. Sure, some looked sleepy, for a 200 mile ride in a troop train to untrained youth is not conducive to sound sleep and rest.

It didn't take long for the troops to pitch their tents and prepare the camp for military life. While some of the men were making camp squads and platoons of recruits were being put thru courses of drill. Most of the recruits were in civilian clothing, uniforms not being available until supplies from the government arrived.

From the time the troops arrived it was work, work, work. This was no place for the idler, for much must be accomplished before the regiments would be prepared to leave for the southern mobilization, at the Mexican border. The troops are getting experience in all branches of military training, from picket duty to trench digging, artillery practice, etc.

Incidentally with the camp duties, the boys are enjoying bass fishing, swimming and boating in Portage Lake, base ball and other pleasures. Three military bands are there to entertain the men with their grand music and assist in the parade and drill practices.

The first wedding ever performed at the Hanson State Military reservation was that of Private Amos J. Ferris, of Co. K, of the 31st regiment, and Miss Catherine Lowes, both of Monroe. The ceremony was performed at 6:00 p. m. Tuesday by Justice O. P. Schumann, of Grayling. Capt. Isaac C. Godfrey and Major Wm. C. Sterling, also of Monroe attended the bridal party. Fully 500 comrades and friends of the bride and groom were present to greet the happy couple after the ceremony, while the 31st regiment band played Lohrgrin's wedding march. Another wedding was performed later in the same evening in the 33rd regiment camp also before a large concourse of militiamen. The contracting parties were Private Floyd

assembled before the Brigade headquarters and listened to a most appealing talk by the Governor. He gave the members of the Guard a few words of cheer, some good, old fashioned advice, such as strikes to the very heart of sentiments and finally a passionate farewell message. He returned on the mid-night train to Lansing.

Throughout the time the troops have been in camp, the grounds have been thronged with visitors and sight-seers. Sunday there were people present from all parts of the state, and hundreds of autos from all northern Michigan. The crowd was so great that stringent measures had to be applied to handle the auto traffic at the reservation.

As fast as possible the men are being examined, given a serum treatment for typhoid prevention and mustered into the U. S. service. All kinds of reports are in circulation as to when the troops will be moved south, but nothing definite seems to be known even to the heads of the departments. That the 31st regiment will be first to move seems inevitable and indications are that they will leave this week. Troop trains are already assembled in Grayling for the transportation of the troops south.

GOODRICH GUARDSMEN WILL DRAW SALARIES.

Rubber Company Announces Pay Schedule for Employees While in Service.

Akron, O., June 21.—Announcement was made at Akron today by the B. F. Goodrich Rubber company that all of its employees who are members of the National Guard and who have others dependent upon them, will receive two-thirds of their salaries while in mobilization camps or on the Mexican border. Those who have no dependents are guaranteed one-half their regular salaries.

Forethought.

People are learning that a little forethought often saves them a big expense. Here is an instance: E. W. Archer, Caldwell, Ohio, writes: "I do not believe that our family has been without Chamberlain's Calic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy since we commenced keeping house years ago. When we go on an extended visit we take it with us." Obtainable everywhere.

ed, with the possible exception of treasurer.

After a brief conference among the Grayling delegates it was decided to make a "try" to elect Mr. Failing to that office and the latter finally consented. None of them believed it would be possible to elect Mr. Failing, however they concluded that they couldn't any more than fail.

At the proper time Mr. Matson made



a very capable nominating speech, telling of the various offices that Mr. Failing had held here in Grayling and of his general high standing in the community.

Mr. Cody made a seconding speech, after which there was a general demand among the assembly to "see Failing." The chairman called Mr. Failing to the platform where he was formally introduced and, in his usual unassuming manner, said a few words in the interest of the lodge.

There had been no lobbying, no backbiting, nor electioneering, however on the first ballot Mr. Failing received every vote with the exception of 18, which went to the incumbent treasurer.

It was hardly to be expected that so high an honor could come to Grayling lodge, because of the short time it had been organized. However it is a courtesy well deserved and one that will be filled as capably as it could be by any member of the Grand Lodge. While it is an honor to Grayling Lodge and to Mr. Failing it is also a credit to the Grand Lodge of Michigan to have selected so worthy an officer.

Subscribe for the Avalanche.

Where You Win

When you buy hardware you depend upon the integrity of the dealer to sell you an article that will make good. That is where you win when you come to us. We do not handle any of the "cheap" stuff that is made only to sell at a big profit. When we sell it to you it is guaranteed to be exactly as we represent it, and you are protected in your every purchase, whether it be five cents or a hundred dollars.

Attention, Please!

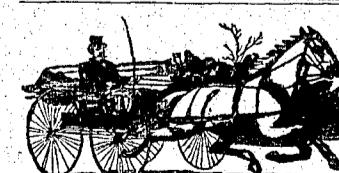
This is the season of the year when you will need certain articles listed below. We have them in stock—they are the best—prices are down—and YOU WIN when you buy them.

Vapor Oil Stoves
Screen Doors
Lawn Mowers

Carpenters' and Machinists' Tools, Cutlery
Builders' Hardware

SALLING, HANSON CO.
Hardware Department

LIVERY & SALES STABLES



Prompt livery service ready at anytime.

Also heavy work.

Farms and Farm Lands and Village Property For Sale.

N. P. Olson, Grayling
Phone No. 384

LETTER FROM STATE CAPITOL

AN ATTORNEY AND HIS LARGE FEES IN INHERITANCE TAX CASES UNDER FIRE.

MUST EXPLAIN TO JUDGE

The Militia Mobilization is Rapid and As Compared With Conditions in 1898 Shows Real Work Has Been Done.

[Gurd M. Hayes.]

Lansing—Within three hours after the supreme court of the state had declined to take jurisdiction in the information filed by six members of the Ingham county bar concerning the professional conduct of Attorney James N. Thompson, of Lansing, Judge Howard Wiest of the Ingham circuit had received the document alleging fraud, deceit and malpractice on Thompson's part, and had issued an order requiring Thompson to appear in court July 3 and show cause why he should not be disbarred from the practice of law in Michigan.

Because of the state offices he has held and his Masonic connections Thompson is known in practically every city and village in the state. In 1912 he was grandmaster of the Michigan Grand Lodge, F. & A. M., and at the same time was the grand high priest of the Michigan Grand Chapter, R. A. M.

For a number of years he was a member of the state board of education and later served as a member of the state board of tax commissioners. Prominent in social and business affairs of the Capital City, he has been universally respected and the charges of his brother lawyers came like a bolt from the blue.

Despite his claims to the executors of several non-residents of the state that it was the universal policy of the state to collect inheritance taxes on the full market value of the stocks, Thompson had in his possession a letter written by Attorney General Roger I. Wykes, November 20, 1912, in which he was informed to the contrary.

This letter was not a part of the original document filed with the supreme court as it was not discovered until a later day. However, it will be presented to the circuit court as evidence against Thompson in the disbarment proceedings which will be heard next month.

Judge Wiest, before whom the disbarment proceedings will be argued, was the jurist who gained fame a few years back by citing former governor Hazen S. Pingree for contempt of court. He also presided during the famous military scandal and was the judge who imposed sentence upon former State Treasurer Frank P. Glaser.

While it has been hinted that a grand jury may grow out of the present proceedings, Attorney Cummins would not discuss this feature. He has admitted, however, that a request for a grand jury has been considered.

Thomas A. Lawler, whose name appears in the information as having drafted the bill amending the inheritance tax law, admits that the measure was prepared in the attorney general's department under his direction. Like Judge of Probate Henry M. Gardner, Mr. Lawler declares that the bill is an excellent measure. "If any one has abused the law that is not the fault of the law itself."

Mr. Lawler was asked whether he requested Judge Gardner to name James H. Thompson as the Michigan representative of the non-resident estates.

To this question Mr. Lawler replied that he did not remember having asked Judge Gardner to appoint Mr. Thompson.

"I welcome a full investigation of every official action of mine," declared Judge Henry M. Gardner. "My books are open and my record is clear. I court the fullest investigation and when they have finished they will find Henry M. Gardner to be as clean as a hound's tooth."

Judge Gardner says he first appointed James H. Thompson as administrator of an estate at the suggestion of Thomas A. Lawler. According to Judge Gardner, Mr. Lawler explained that Mr. Thompson was a new lawyer in Lansing well versed in the administration of tax laws and that it would be an excellent thing to throw a little business his way.

Judge Gardner said he had no knowledge of any big fees, but emphatically asserted that a fee of \$1,700 for handling an inheritance tax matter in the probate court, was in his opinion, greatly in excess of what such a job was worth.

Mr. Thompson makes this statement: "The first information that I had of any complaints or criticisms about my manner of handling the inheritance taxes upon stocks or bonds owned by non-residents in corporations which had property in Michigan, came to me through indirect sources. He estate or representative of an estate for whom I have performed services and from whom I have collected fees, has ever made any complaint to me without the same being adjusted satisfactorily to all parties interested."

"Under the amendment to the tax law of 1911, the Attorney General

Governor Ferris has the democratic leaders of Michigan guessing as to his probable course in the coming campaign. Although State Chairman A. E. Stevenson, Insurance Commissioner John Winslow and former state chairman, E. C. Shields in a conference with the governor endeavored to convince him that he should run for a third term, the democratic chief executive informed them that he could see no reason why he should change

would file a petition with the Probate Court in such cases, asking for the appointment of some resident of the state as a representative in this state of the estate, thus saving the necessity of auxiliary administration. I was appointed as such representative in a number of cases.

"Originally the state claimed that it was entitled to a tax upon the full market value of the stock or bonds to be transferred. I contested this, and advanced the argument that a tax should be collected only upon such proportion of the full market value of the stocks and bonds as the amount of property owned by that corporation in this state was to the whole amount of the property owned by that corporation. This gave rise to many conferences and arguments between myself and the Attorney General Department, and a number of cases were appealed from the decision of the Probate Judge, who decided the cases argued in accordance with my contention. As a result of many conferences continuing over a considerable period of time, by stipulation between myself and the Attorney General, the appealed cases were discontinued and the appeals dismissed. In the subsequent cases in which I received appointment in the Probate Court, I represented the estates, and performed whatever work was necessary in the preparation of forms, attending hearings and the payment of taxes.

"I firmly believed that each estate had profited by my contention, and believed that I was entitled to compensation on that basis. In many instances the value of the property involved was so small that no fee was warranted, and I did the work and charged no fee whatever."

"There will be no attempt on my part to conceal or suppress any of the facts concerning my connection with these matters. If I have made any overcharges, I will gladly refund the same."

Rapid Mobilization.

In striking contrast to the mobilization of the state troops in 1898 are the machine-like methods employed by the state military authorities in assembling the citizen soldiery of Michigan at the state camp at Grayling.

When President McKinley issued the call for troops eighteen years ago and Hazen S. Pingree, commander in chief of the Michigan national guard directed the officers to assemble their men at Island Lake, which at that time was the place where the annual encampments were held.

It required several days for the company commanders to get their men together in their respective armories in 1898. They lacked equipment. The companies were nowhere near up to war strength, or peace strength for that matter. Some had uniforms and some were without the regulation trappings of the soldier in the field. A few had gone, but the shooting irons were mainly of the comic supplement variety and were practically useless.

Regulation shoes were not known to the Michigan national guard. Some of the soldiers appeared in tan oxfords. Others wore black shoes and a few of the soldiers answered the first roll call in carpet slippers. Governor Pingree, a shoe manufacturer, personally outfitted the entire thirty-fifth regiment with shoes at his own expense, but the boys in the other regiments were not so lucky.

For years, prior to the national guard, and for a number of years later for that matter, the Michigan militia was regarded as a joke. The annual encampments were not taken seriously and the men had little real military training.

In recent years, however, conditions have undergone a decided change. Former Governor Osborn must be given some credit for this transformation. He abolished the governor's staff, known as the gold lace brigade, and insisted that the militia should be reorganized for the purpose for which it was originally created.

The fruits of his labor are apparent, and now, Michigan's national guard stands among the best in the union, in the estimation of the war department. When the men go into camp at Grayling they will be equipped as well as the regulars in the United States army are equipped.

Marriage and Divorce.

According to statistics compiled for the federal government by Secretary of State Vaughan, 35,316 marriage licenses were granted in Michigan during 1914 and 4,368 divorces were issued the same year.

Wayne county reported 10,927 marriage licenses. Kent was second with 2,015 and Berrien county was third with 1,555. Apparently St. Joseph and Benton Harbor are still favored by eloping couples from Chicago and during July and August when excursion steamers cross the lakes the marriages in Berrien county doubled in number. In July, 1914, Berrien county reported 216 marriages and 208 were recorded during August of the same year.

The marriage licenses issued in the other principal counties during 1914, follows: Bay 609, Genesee 695, Ingham 678, Jackson 685, Leelanau 518, Muskegon 402, Oakland 583, Saginaw 887, St. Clair 515. Oscoda county reported 13 marriage licenses. This is the smallest number credited to any county in the state.

Statistics compiled by the state department show that 10,902 persons married in 1914 were under twenty years of age, while 25 licenses were issued to persons over 80 years of age.

his mind about quitting politics at the end of his present term. The governor would not say that no contingency might arise whereby he might not alter his decision. He admitted that something might happen that would cause him to seek a third term. He said that his decision might have an important bearing on the result of the republican gubernatorial primary and he said he does not intend to extend any aid and comfort to the republicans if he can help it.

DOINGS OF M. N. G. AT CAMP GRAYLING

DO NOT KNOW WHAT TO DO WITH GUARDSMEN WHO REFUSE TO SIGN NEW OATH.

OFFICERS DISCUSS QUESTION

Ten Days Required to Muster in the Guardmen—Poles Will Answer the Call for Volunteers.

Portage Lake, Grayling—Worry over the status of the M. N. G. with the war department is frankly manifest both by the militia heads and officers of the U. S. regulars. They don't just know what they can do with certain guardsmen who refuse to take the federal oath. They fear a repetition on a minor scale of the Texas affair, when National Guardsmen refused to take the oath. The worst of it is the court martial trials, there are yet to be adjudicated. A number of men here, willing to go to Mexico for the period of their state enlistment, refuse to sign anything that may bind them further. The number is small, according to officers but the problem is serious. Regular army officers met with all the commissioned officers of the M. N. G. to discuss the question.

Bersey Lauds State Guard.

"The Michigan National Guard officers and men have done remarkably well during the last week in their mobilization," said Colonel Bersey.

"But if we had had the equipment for the recruits which we have had to enlist, and had been blessed with a little time to study more thoroughly the recent law before we were asked to work under it, we could have done much better."

"But at that, the guard, considering the handicap it was under, has done something the citizens of the state should be proud of, and the citizens, too, have come to our assistance in excellent shape."

"Employers of labor, so far as I know, have not balked at their men leaving. No soldier has refused to go, something which in these times should be a subject of congratulation."

Know Nothing of Future Plans.

While General Kirk and Major Daniel W. Smith both declared they know absolutely nothing as to the future plans of the Michigan troops, there seemed to be an air about division headquarters that the stay in Camp Ferris will be of short duration.

In fact, there are many who do not believe the troops will remain here a week, but nothing of an official nature has been overheard.

The men are being put through some severe training. This is far from the same kind of an encampment as former ones have been. Previously it has been more in the nature of a vacation—now it is work. The officers evidently intend to harden their men as rapidly as possible. No private may leave the grounds without a pass, duly signed and countersigned, and having the pass he must be back in camp at 9 o'clock.

Ten Days to Muster in M. N. G.

Captain Wells, senior officer assigned to muster in the Michigan National Guard, says that it will require 10 days at the Grayling camp to muster in the guard and complete inventory and turn over to the United States army the guard's property. Until this is done the Michigan guard will not be reported to the department commander as ready for transfer to the border.

200,000 Poles Would Answer Call.

That 200,000 trained men members of the Polish Falcon alliance of the United States, would answer any call for volunteers issued by President Wilson within two days, was the assertion of Chief Commander of the Sixth District W. N. Skarzynski, in Muskegon.

Commander Skarzynski is at Muskegon arranging for the district convention of the Falcons July 2.

"Fully 4,000 of these men reside in the sixth district," he said, "and 150 Muskegon Falcons are among the most willing to go."

MICHIGAN NEWS ITEMS

Mrs. Eva J. Steenaed, of Kalamazoo, was acquitted last week of a charge of infanticide by a jury in circuit court. It was alleged that Mrs. Steenaed poured carbolic acid down the throat of her newly-born babe. The defense was based on temporary insanity and the contention that the babe was born dead.

O. Hyde, 50, of Morgan, was probably fatally injured when a motor car turned a complete somersault, hurling Hyde and four others to the ground. The other occupants of the car were not seriously hurt. The car landed right side up.

According to a ruling by Attorney General Grant Fellows any provision of a municipal charter attempting to provide for woman suffrage on strictly municipal matters cannot be upheld because the constitution of the state implicitly forbids the extension of the right of suffrage in such manner.

Approximately four per cent of the 1915 state tax remains unpaid and will be returned delinquent according to Auditor General O. B. Fuller. The total tax collected was \$9,114,636.34, while the amount outstanding amounts to \$890,454.17.

Ralph W. Powell of Grand Rapids, and his wife, formerly of Ionia, both graduates of the M. A. C., are on the way to China where they will spend six years. Mr. Powell taught two years in Lansing and two years in the engineering department at Yale.

MAJOR M. J. PHILLIPS GOES TO GRAYLING



WORKING FOR THE FARMER

The State College Showing How to Do Business Properly and Succeed.

East Lansing—That a group of farmers can organize to sell their products without violating the Sherman Anti-trust Law, was asserted by Prof. Cance of the Massachusetts Agricultural College in his lectures on agricultural co-operation at the M. A. C. "This is made possible," said Professor Cance, "by passing the Clayton bill which was drawn up especially for this purpose. The law provides that if the co-operative organization does not issue stock then it cannot be said to exist in restraint of trade."

Prof. Cance's lectures are part of a series to be given during the entire summer school on agricultural business. In ten lectures Prof. Cance will cover the subject of co-operative organizations. In his early lectures he pointed out that farming is a small industry, taking an individual farm as a unit, and therefore a very efficient productive unit but, because of its smallness, it is a very inefficient bargaining unit. Hence farmers must pool their bargaining power or, in other words, co-operate. "In a survey of the farming of the entire world," says Prof. Cance, "you will find very few organizations of farmers for producing, but very many for bargaining purposes."

The co-operation expert took a rap at the capitalist way of looking at dividends by saying that the use of money should be paid for at market rates, that dividends or profits above the market rate meant that somebody was being cheated out of his just due. Flint secured the 1917 convention of the Loyal Order of Moose after a war with the Loyalty Order of Moose over a matter of money.

Justice De Gaw, of Detroit, married the first war-bride, Private George Newman taking the precaution to get married before marching off to Grayling.

University of Michigan summer school will open July 3 and indications point to a registration of 1,800, which would break previous enrollment records.

An Owosso woman has threatened legal action against a primary school teacher who bobbed the hair of the former's daughter, "to improve her appearance."

Col. Ives, the new state commander of the G. A. R., has appointed Frank Lester of Mason, assistant adjutant, which makes Mason departmental headquarters.

Detroit is a city of nations. Statistics reveal that 50 per cent of the city's population is foreign born and 70 per cent is either foreign born or of foreign parentage.

Prof. C. O. Davis, of the University of Michigan, delivered the commencement address to 45 graduates, in St. Paul which is considered the record for a town of 1,000.

The attorney general has informed Secretary of State Vaughan that upon the sale of a licensed motor vehicle the vendee is entitled to the license transferred to him.

Western Michigan Knights of Pythias, Sunday, held their fifty-second annual memorial service at Muskegon. Manistee, Grand Rapids and Grand Haven lodges participated in the parade and services.

David W. McPhearson, of Battle Creek, was killed in the North Sea naval engagement May 30. He went to London on a cattle boat and enlisted in the British navy. He was a seaman on the Defiance, sunk by the Germans.

Philip Vance, 19, wearing a khaki uniform and claiming to be a member of the hospital corps Co. A, Brooklyn, N. Y., is held at Monroe. He says he enlisted June 1 and since his desertion has been beating his way west on freight trains.

Grosse Pointe society women and prominent surgeons, of Detroit are ready to go to war. Orders will be given to volunteers issued by the American Red Cross to the front are being awaited. Mobilization and recruiting orders have been received.

Rotten stringers carrying the sidewalk at the west end of Third street bridge broke down under the weight of hundreds of Mardi Gras merrymakers returning to their homes from the east side and caused a panic. Fortunately an iron girder prevented the stringers from becoming completely released, otherwise many people would have been thrown into Saginaw river and drowned.

Dr. Perry Schurtz will not fight the estate of John E. Peck for the \$25,000 he claimed for his services in detecting the poisoning of the wealthy Grand Rapids druggist and the conviction of Dr. Arthur Waite. Shortly after receiving a check for \$2,500 from Percy S. Peck, Dr. Schurtz filed a claim for \$25,000 in court. He has now announced that he will return the check together with a stipulation that the account has been settled in full.

According to the mortality report issued by Secretary of State Vaughan 3,602 deaths occurred in Michigan during the month of May. During the same month 7,245 births were reported.

Detroit manufacturers are feeling a serious shortage in the supply of coconut oil. It appears that the pulp of the coconut, once a harmless food, and even beneficial is now being used in the manufacture of high explosives. Those buying for less pressing needs find the competition of the munitions makers almost prohibitive.

Miss Gertrude Welsh and Miss Helen O'Neill, Ypsilanti Normal college students, who were held on complaint of Mrs. Eldred, in connection with a board bill have been released on a signed statement of Mrs. Eldred that the complaint was erroneous.

Jad Salts, a life saver for regular meat eaters. It is inexpensive, cannot injure and makes a delightful, effervescent lithia-water drink.

ALL WEARINGCAPES

PARISIENNES SHOW FONDNESS FOR THE ADORNMENT.

Certainly Gives Youthful Aspect to the Figure—Usually Made in the Same Material as the Dress—One of the Newest Toques.

All the leading dressmakers in the Rue de la Paix and Place Vendome are showing capes, long and short, in large quantities, writes a Paris correspondent. The shoulder cape is already amazingly popular. It gives a youthful aspect to the figure and it is exceedingly convenient and practical.

SCANDINAVIAN NEWS

SUMMARY OF IMPORTANT HAPPENINGS IN FAR OFF NORTHLAND.

ITEMS FROM THE OLD HOME

Resume of the Most Important Events in Sweden, Norway and Denmark Of Interest to the Scandinavians in America.

DENMARK.

Rev. Arboe Rasmussen publicly stated that he does not believe in the virgin birth of Christ and certain other cardinal tenets of the Christian church, and his case was brought before the supreme court. The highest tribunal of the country exonerated him, and the costs, which amounted to almost \$1,500, were charged to the national government. This decision, however, does not settle the matter for good, inasmuch as the secular government cannot under existing laws compel the church authorities to install Reverend Rasmussen as regular pastor of a state church. This case is much discussed, especially in religious circles.

Professor Helberg, president of the University of Denmark, recently made a sensational speech at a meeting of the Copenhagen Parents' association. He directed a fierce assault on the higher education as it is carried on at the present time. He said the students are very poorly versed in languages, not knowing even their native tongue. He characterized the present "overproduction" of students as a "national calamity for Denmark."

The insurance rates on ships passing through the North sea, the English channel or the Mediterranean sea have been raised. The rate for a trip to Scotland and back again was formerly three-fourths per cent, now it is 1 1/4 per cent.

A lime bed has been discovered on the Kæremindse farm at Middelfart. It is mentioned as a curiosity that marl has been dug out of the ground below this lime bed, the farmers being unaware of the superior quality of the lime as a fertilizer. The marl contained only 20 per cent of lime, whereas the stratum on top of it contains 50 per cent.

SWEDEN.

A young woman claiming to be a clairvoyant called at a house near Leksand. Taking a glass of whisky as a means of looking into the future, she told the housewife that she and two of her sisters, who live in the same neighborhood, should soon die of paralysis of the heart. But this terrible calamity might be avoided, by the payment of a round sum of money to the clairvoyant. The women who were thus threatened actually believed what was told them and gladly paid the ransom.

The city council of Ulricehamn has decided to put up a public sanatorium at a cost of \$50,000. The institution is to furnish warm baths for the people of the city. Two of the buildings will be large enough to furnish rooms for 48 patients, who are to be under the care of the pension department. Still another building will be used as a restaurant. The institution will be ready for use May 1, 1917.

The Swedish Students' Total Abstinence association has celebrated its twentieth anniversary, having been organized May 1, 1896. The oldest local society belonging to the association was organized at the university of Upsala in 1888. John Bergman started this movement.

The Swedish government is in the habit of aiding young musicians of unusual ability. Those who receive aid this year are Alfven, Sjögren and Holten, who get \$10 each, and the following, who get \$20 each: Nat. Berg, Kurt Atterberg, T. Rangstrom, J. Erkson, C. Jeijer and O. F. Lindberg.

The Russian government asked the Swedish railway department for permission to send food through Sweden to the Russian captives in Germany. It was mentioned that the goods would amount to about twenty carloads a day. The Swedish government has given a favorable answer.

In the parish of Bygdeå three sheep were accidentally left in the wild country last fall. They found their way to a haystack. When a man came to take the hay one of them was dead. Of the other two one was in fine condition, while one was barely alive.

A new post office has been established on the KII and Frykdalen railway. Badbruk is the name of it.

Sundsvall was treated to a violent snowstorm May 1, and the next day the country wore a regular winter aspect.

Just before the breaking up of the ice twelve Finns arrived at Sundsvall after having spent two months hunting seals in the Baltic. They had never left the ice during that time. They were equipped with one large boat on runners and four iceboats. The catch was 250 seals, and the men seemed to be well pleased with the result.

This year the Baptists of Sweden celebrate the one hundredth anniversary of the birth of their first pioneer in Sweden, namely, Rev. Anders Wihert. He was born July 17, 1816, near Hudiksvall. For a number of years he served as a pastor in the state church of Sweden, but afterwards joined the Baptist denomination.

Large numbers of swans stopped in the Kvismare lakes, Nerike, on their way north. Most of them left in a short time, while a few seemed to be so well pleased that they remained.

Severin Adolfson lost four fingers while at work in the Rydo factory, Hultland. The Gothenburg court decided that the proprietors of the factory shall pay him damages amounting to \$54 a year.

Uddevalla is enjoying a great business boom. Twenty-five ships were unloading their cargoes at the same time a while ago. The work was hampered by a lack of men.

Private parties in Stockholm have raised \$55,000 for the aerial defenses of the city. The largest contribution, \$6,750, came from a separator manufacturing company.

The public mint has abolished the rule of giving coins in return to any one bringing gold in bulk to the mint. But the old rule may be in force again after August 1.

The Andersson carpenter shop and the Baptist church at Mariannelund, Sundsvall, were destroyed by fire.

NORWAY.

While whistles in the factories and steel mills roared and a crowd of more than six thousand persons cheered, Miss Florence Krabbe, a Bowen high school girl, broke a bottle of champagne over the prow of the steel freighter Sigrid Fostenos when it sailed down the ways into the Calumet river at One Hundred and First street, Chicago. The big freighter, which will begin its maiden voyage to Norway in about six weeks, was built by the Chicago Shipbuilding company for the Norwegian Transportation company at a cost of \$300,000. It was emblazoned with Norwegian and American flags as it was launched, and its first trip will be through the Great Lakes to Montreal, where it will load freight to be delivered in Norway. The Sigrid Fostenos is the first boat to be launched at South Chicago since the Maria, a Great Lakes freighter, was launched there nine years ago.

Miss Molla Bjurstedt of Norway retained her title of woman tennis champion of the United States by defeating Mrs. Edward Raymond of New York in the challenge round of the women's national lawn tennis tournament and added another championship to her already long list of tennis honors by capturing the women's national doubles title, paired with Miss Eleanor Sears of Boston. In the singles Miss Bjurstedt defeated Mrs. Raymond, 6-0, 6-1. It was the shortest challenge round match ever played in the 31 years of the national tournament. The players were on the courts less than half an hour, and the contest itself lasted exactly 22 minutes. Miss Bjurstedt and Miss Sears defeated Mrs. Raymond and Miss Edna Wilsey of New York in the final round of doubles after a hard-fought contest. The score was 4-0, 6-2, 10-8.

A majority of the stocks of the Christiania street railway company, which for many years past have been in German hands, namely, Gesellschaft fuer Elektrische Unternehmungen, Berlin, have just passed into the possession of Norwegians. The law firm of Echto & Rygh had the honor of negotiating the deal. All the stocks of the other street railway company of Christiania, namely, Christiania Elektriske Sporv, have always been owned by Norwegians.

The labor union of Kragero called a mass meeting for discussing the high cost of living. The attendants agreed to request the city government to buy wood in large quantities next winter so as to be able to sell it at reduced prices. The city was also asked to go into the fish business for the same purpose, and the national government was asked to prohibit the exportation of mackerel.

Fifteen Norwegians lost their lives in the Titanic disaster. The foreign department has just received \$7,415.61, which is a part of the indemnity awarded to the relatives of the fifteen. The money was sent from the White Star Line through the Norwegian consul general in New York.

The Norwegian Rabbit-growing association has 200 members. Arrangements have been made for establishing rabbit farms, where the different species of rabbits will be raised for the market.

The Norwegian steamship Prosper III has struck a mine and sunk. The first officer of the vessel is believed to be the only survivor. She sailed from Newport News May 20 for La Pallice, France. The Prosper III was of 4,297 gross tons, 364 feet long, and was built in 1912. She was owned in Drammen.

The Norwegian bark Arvensis, while bound from Glasgow to New York, ran ashore in a fog near the Toms river coast guard station on the New Jersey coast. That had an important bearing.

The number of taxpayers in Stavanger increased from 14,603 to 16,030 in one year. The wealth of the city increased from \$19,150,000 to \$25,000,000. But the increase of the taxable income was proportionately far greater, rising from a little over \$3,000,000 to almost \$6,000,000, or 83 per cent. The Stavanger Aftenblad makes the following comment on these figures: "The taxable income has more than doubled in two years, and the taxes levied have almost doubled. The city budget reads like a fairy tale."

His Weakness.

Old Lady—Here's a penny, my poor man. Tell me how did you become so destitute?"

Beggar—I was always like you, num, a-givin' away vast sums ter the pore an' needy."—Boston Evening Transcript.

Who Cashed It?

"I sent a check to that fund, but I don't believe in parading my charity."

"So I signed a fictitious name to it."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

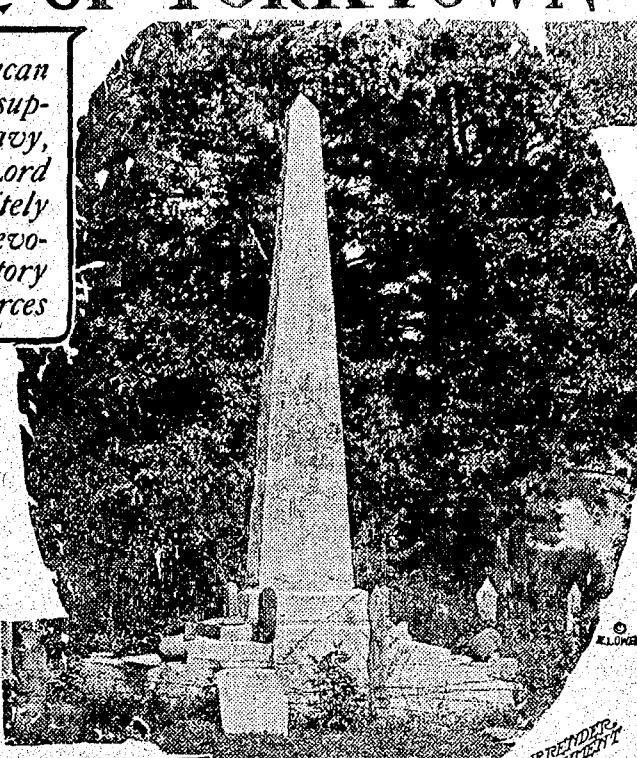
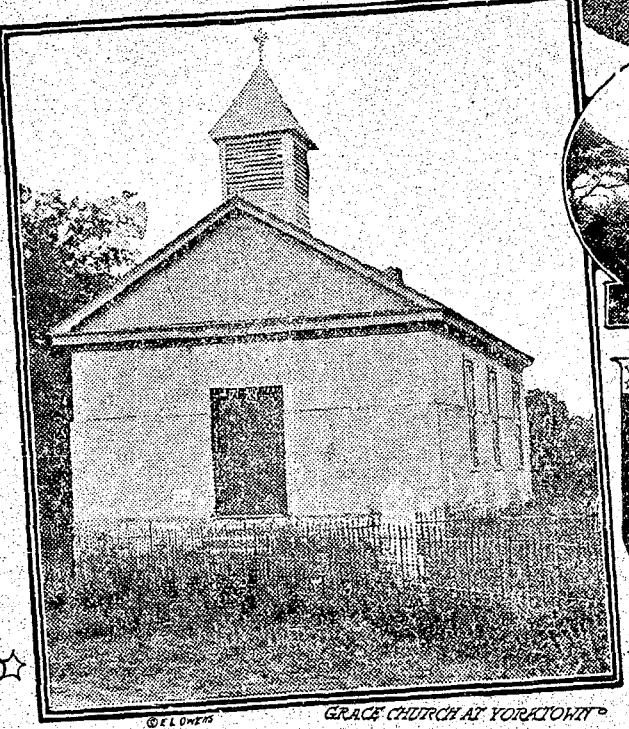
THE SIEGE OF YORKTOWN

Here is told how American and French infantry, supported by the French navy, captured the army of Lord Cornwallis and definitely turned the tide of the Revolutionary War to victory for the Continental forces

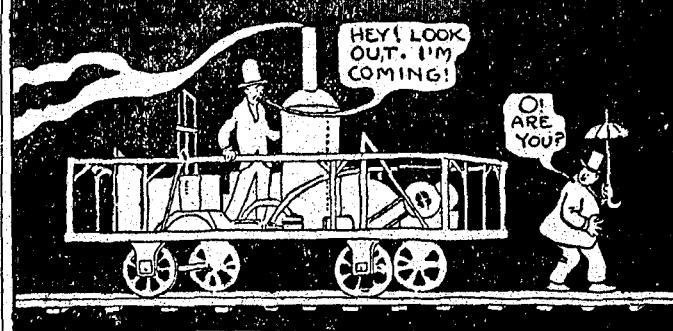
THE summer of 1781 was a time of despair for the thirteen American states at war with England. Their armes had been beaten, their money was gone, and it seemed that surrender was inevitable.

Sir Henry Clinton, the British commander, was in New York. Lord Cornwallis was in Virginia with an army. Other British forces held Charleston and Savannah. Practically the whole South was conquered, and Lord Cornwallis was determined to add Virginia to his list.

Washington's feeble little army, with a French contingent under Count Rochambeau, was near New York watching Clinton. The only other



First Locomotive Made in America



This funny looking wagon with an engine on it is the first "Made in America" locomotive. Don't look much like the way we make 'em nowadays, does it?

Peter Cooper made it about eight-five years ago for the Baltimore & Ohio railroad. It was small, but could pull 40 people 15 miles an hour.

However, the real beginning of the manufacture of locomotives was in 1832, when Mathias Baldwin of Philadelphia built the Ironsides, and the business which he began has grown until it is the largest in the world. The engines also have grown.

The first ones made weighed from four to six tons, while now many weigh 100 tons and can pull a load of 5,000 tons at a good rate of speed.—Kansas City Post.

BRIDGE SALT LAKE

CENTENARY OF LOCOMOTIVE
Progress Made in 100 Years Shown by Comparison of the Billy No. 1 and the Matt H. Shay.

ENGINEERS ACCOMPLISH REMARKABLE FEAT IN WEST.

Build Trestle 23 Miles Long, Large Part of Which Has Been Filled In and Made Solid Highway Across the Waters.

In the sixties the Union Pacific railroad was built west from Omaha and the Central Pacific (now part of the Southern Pacific) was built, each from San Francisco. When the builders came to the Great Salt Lake basin at Ogden they veered the road to the north and went around the lake to Lucien, a distance of 147 miles. In a third of a century engines grew five times as powerful. Freight trains would carry five times as much weight, where once one train a day ran each way a dozen now puffed around the lake, pulled by powerful engines over the mountains 4,000 feet high, down into the valley and up the mountains again and into Lucien, Utah. From Ogden to Lucien, as the crow or, perhaps, the aeroplane flies, the distance was about 103 miles, 30 miles of which was covered by the waters of Great Salt Lake from 1 to 30 feet deep. Weighed against the water was a level roadway 103 miles long, with no mountains to climb. But there washed the salt waters of the great lakes.

Col. Alexander Hamilton commanded the Americans. He had his men fix bayonets and then led them quietly to the attack. They were almost at the British defenses before a sentry distinguished their dim forms in the night. The alarm was given and firing began immediately. The Americans dislodged to reply. They scrambled up the steep earth walls and drove the gunners away with the bayonet.

Cornwallis Is Desperate.

Such courage was too much for the British. Some ran and others threw down their arms.

The French met with a stiffer reception. For an hour and a half the fighting went on in their redoubt. Then the British capitulated. Thus, in one night, the allied army had sealed Cornwallis securely in the trap.

Cornwallis now became desperate.

He had his men fix bayonets and then led them quietly to the attack. They were almost at the British defenses before a sentry distinguished their dim forms in the night. The alarm was given and firing began immediately. The Americans dislodged to reply. They scrambled up the steep earth walls and drove the gunners away with the bayonet.

The French troops occupied half the British lines. They began regular siege tactics. Parties of sappers would stand out from the lines at night and silently build new parapets nearer the British lines. It was risky duty, but volunteers in plenty were found for the work.

All Was Not Well.

The night of October 6, Maj. Elijah Foy, who had surveyed the ground, commanded a redoubt-building party. They stole quietly to within a quarter of a mile of the British lines. A few men stood guard while the others worked. No one was allowed to talk. The handles of all the tools were muffled, so that not the slightest sound would be made. They were so close that the call of the British sentries of "Twelve o'clock and all's well" came clearly to the ears of the Americans. Had the British only known it, all was not well.

The French troops occupied half the British lines. They began regular siege tactics. Parties of sappers would stand out from the lines at night and silently build new parapets nearer the British lines. It was risky duty, but volunteers in plenty were found for the work.

All this time Cornwallis had been using the home of Governor Nelson of Virginia for his headquarters. Governor Nelson commanded the militia in the army of Washington.

The night of October 16, General Washington sent for Governor Nelson and told him that he planned to bombard the town and show Cornwallis how helpless resistance was.

Brave Governor Nelson.

"But," Washington added, "your home may be destroyed in the fight."

"Do not let that stand in the way," Governor Nelson replied. "I will fire the first ball at my house myself."

The next morning the brave governor kept his word. He aimed and fired the first shot of a terrific cannonade that covered every part of the British lines.

Amid the roar of the cannonade the Americans heard the British drums beating the parley. Soon a white flag came over the ramparts and a British officer delivered a message from Lord Cornwallis asking for a 24-hour truce, during which time commissioners would discuss surrender.

Washington refused. In 24 hours he knew Clinton might send a fleet and more troops and Cornwallis would escape. He gave the British two hours. The commissioners met immediately, and before the brief time had passed arrangements had been made for the surrender of the British.

October 12 the French and American forces decided to storm two of the strong British positions. They

were to be taken by assault on the strength of the British.

October 13 the British surrendered.

It was a great victory for the Americans.

Crawford Avalanche

O. P. Schuman, Editor and Proprietor.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One Year.....\$1.50
Six Months.....75
Three Months.....40

Entered as second-class matter at the Postoffice of Grayling, Mich., under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

GRAYLING, THURSDAY, JUNE 29

Pretty June Wedding.

A wedding of much interest was that of Miss Agnes Hanson, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Hanson of this city, and Mr. Willard C. Campbell, son of Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Campbell of Mt. Pleasant, which took place last evening at the Danish-Lutheran church.

The church for the occasion was prettily adorned with pink and white carnations and garden ferns. At 8:00 o'clock Mendelsohn's wedding march was beautifully rendered by E. G. Clark, accompanied by Mrs. Earl Kidd as the bride entered the church leaning on her father's arm. She made a very pretty bride in her gown of white silk net with a tuft of pink embroidered net, and veil of tulle, fastened about her head with tiny white flowers. She carried white roses.

Miss May Peterson attended her cousin, as bridesmaid and wore a simple but pretty gown of pink taffeta and white chiffon. She carried a large bouquet of pink roses. Mr. Karl Kriekie was groomsman, and Mr. Einar Rasmussen acted as usher. Rev. J. A. M. Rødholm, pastor of the Danish-Lutheran church, of Manistee performed the ceremony, assisted by Rev. Kjeldhede of the local church, and immediately after, the choir sang "O promise me."

A mammoth basket of choicest flowers of pink and white hung from the center of the pretty Daebed hall, where, immediately after the ceremony 100 guests assembled to extend

congratulations to the happy couple. In the receiving line were the bridal party, the parents of the bride and groom, Otto Nelson, a cousin of the bride, Mr. and Mrs. Vern Moulton, the latter a sister of the groom and son, Donald.

Out-of-town guests were: Mr. and Mrs. Campbell, Mr. and Mrs. Moulton and son Donald, all of Mt. Pleasant, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Peterson and Misses May and Dorothy Peterson of Marlette, Mr. and Mrs. Karl Kriekie, Mr. and Mrs. Axel Sorenson, Mr. and Mrs. Clatt and Mrs. J. Hansou all of Detroit, and Miss Esther Nelson of Johannesburg.

At about nine o'clock, the guests were invited to the dining room, which was transformed into a pretty summer garden. Here the walls were trimmed with green branches, and here and there tied with pink paper ribbons. Over each table, around which the guests sat, were baskets of pink and white carnations, and at each place at the table were tiny pink baskets, holding a piece of the bride's cake, the handles of which were tied with pink ribbon and lilies-of-the-valley. The Misses Anna Boeson, Clara Nelson, Flora Hanson, Margaret Jensen, Nina Petersen, Anna Peterson, Else Jorgenson and Matilda Henrikson, friends of the bride, served the splendid two course supper.

The young couple were the recipients of many costly gifts from their friends. The bride had spent most of her life in Grayling, and is well and favorably known. She is an accomplished violinist, and a graduate of the Grayling High school. She attended the Mt. Pleasant Normal, then receiving a certificate to teach, and taught two years at Mt. Pleasant. Mr. Campbell is an enterprising merchant of Mt. Pleasant, where the young couple will be at home to their friends.

You may be next! Why don't you buy some Fire Insurance?
Geo. L. ALEXANDER & SON.

GUARDSMEN IN RIOT ON THE STREETS LAST NIGHT.

Break Plate Glass Window at Pool Room and Nearly Crack Skull of Local Man.

There was a drunken riot on main street last night in which one member of the National guard threw a beer bottle thru a large plate glass window at the Burgess-Swaffield pool room and another tried to hit a saloon man with a beer bottle but missed and hits innocent bystander, nearly cracking his skull.

The trouble seemed to start in Foreman's saloon when they were about to close at 11:00 p.m. There were a large number of the guards in the saloon and some of the most boisterous ones refused to leave and by turning out the lights they were gradually worked toward the front door. As the proprietor was about to turn the key in the door one of the guards tried to enter and being unable to do so wielded an empty bottle at the saloon man's head, missing him but hitting George Mueller instead.

The provost guard had left their beats and the town was unprotected except for the local officers and the mob seemed bent upon making trouble. One of the members hurled an empty beer bottle thru a large plate glass window at the pool room, whereupon Sheriff Cody immediately gave chase and captured him, putting him under arrest. At once there was an alarm that "the sheriff had a guard." The mob came up behind when Sheriff Cody drew his revolver and gave the men to understand that they were not to interfere. The mob surrounded the sheriff and his prisoner and demanded the latter's release.

Night Watch Bremer then took a hand, when the ring leader of the gang gave orders to draw revolvers. This didn't frighten Cody, who saw a chance to shove the prisoner and Mr. Bremer thru an opening, and remained to handle the crowd while his as-

CRAWFORD AVALANCHE

sistant hurried the victim off to jail. A call was sent to Brigade headquarters, where not long in sending an armed squad to the scene of trouble and the men were dispatched for the camp. Mr. Cody in the meantime was holding the men in contact by entering into a word fight with them.

General Kirk had the men before him this morning, together with the sheriff. This afternoon the sheriff will return to the grounds and identify some of the leaders of the gang. Just what their punishment will be, is entirely for the Military authorities to decide.

General Kirk has announced that henceforth none but commissioned officers will be allowed passes and also directed Sheriff Cody to notify all saloons in Grayling that they must not sell liquor to any of the soldiers.

Sheriff Cody is deserving a lot of credit for the way he handled the affair. A less nervy man might have severely injured somebody or provoked the mob to serious violence.

Failing-Douglas Wedding Quiet Affair.

Miss Bessie Failing and Mr. Lorne Douglas were united in marriage Saturday evening, at the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. Esbern Olson. Rev. Aaron Mitchell officiated at the ceremony, which was set for 9:00 o'clock.

The different rooms of the home were fragrant with pink and white carnations, the decorations being very simple. While Miss Florence Smith rendered Mendelsohn's wedding march the bridal party entered the parlor and stood beneath a large archway of myrtle, intertwined with white roses. The wedding gown of white satin and Georgette crepe was most becoming to the pretty bride, her veil of white tulles being held in place by tiny white flowers. Her flowers were white roses. Miss Wilda Failing, sister of the bride, was maid of honor, and wore a frock of sheer pink material and carried a shower of pink roses.

Miss Margaret Douglas, cousin of the groom, as flower girl was pretty in yellow silk and carried an oval basket filled with yellow flowers, and Miss Francee Failing, niece of the bride, dressed in white, carried the ring in a large casket. Mr. Clarence Smart, class-mate of the groom assisted as best man.

Soon after congratulations, a delicious two course supper was served, the centerpiece of the table being a large vase of cut flowers.

Only intimate friends and relatives of the couple were present at the ceremony. Those from out of town were Mr. and Mrs. Chas Douglas, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Pearsall, Jr. of Johannesburg, Mrs. Jos. Douglas, Mr. and Mrs. T. E. Douglas and children and Mrs. Jos. Simms of Lovells, and Margaret Failing and Mr. Wm. Gardner of Bay City.

The happy couple left on the midnight train Saturday night, amid showers of rice, for Ann Arbor, where Mr. Douglas will graduate from the Chemical engineering class of the U. of M. this week. They will continue their wedding tour to Hammond, Indiana, and the latter part of the week, and will return to Grayling by way of Cadillac, where they will spend several days, guests of Mr. and Mrs. Leonard T. Burritt. Mrs. Douglas is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John C. Failing of Grayling, respected and well known citizens, and the groom is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Douglas of Johannesburg, who up to a few years were well known residents of Grayling. Both Mr. and Mrs. Douglas are graduates of the Grayling High school of the class of 1911, and have hosts of friends, who wish them a happy and prosperous future.

Lovells.
Mr. and Mrs. C. Eschman, Bertha Eschman and son, Herbert, arrived Monday from Detroit and will occupy their cottage for the rest of the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Bowman of Bay City spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Stillwagon.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Malar, of Detroit are visiting with Mr. and Mrs. M. Lucks.

A baby girl was born to the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. Gutach last Wednesday, June 21st.

Mr. Boggs and sons, Junior and Brooks, left for their summer home on the lake shore, after spending two weeks at the North Branch Outing club.

Rev. Terhune of Frederic held services at the home of Mrs. J. Douglas, last Friday night.

Mrs. E. Avery and twins returned home Saturday morning, after a number of weeks visit with relatives in St. Charles.

T. E. Douglas made a business trip to Detroit, Saginaw and Bay City, last week.

A. J. Pearsall spent Sunday with relatives in Johannesburg.

Mr. and Mrs. T. E. Douglas, Margaret and Edgar Douglas, Mrs. J. Douglas, Mrs. J. Simms and A. J. Pearsall were in attendance at the Failing-Douglas wedding Saturday evening at Grayling.

Mrs. E. O. Meeker and children of Lake Side, Ohio are enjoying a visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Helem.

Eldorado Nuggets.

Mr. Hubble of Hawley arrived Saturday to spend a few days at the home of Joseph Royce.

Mrs. Dolie Elliott came home from Remington Sunday, to visit her sister, Mrs. Emil Spoerl and husband, who arrived last week from Chicago to spend a few weeks with Mrs. Spoerl's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Elliott.

A very pleasant evening was spent by those who gathered at the meeting of the Eldorado Literary club, Saturday evening. A good program was rendered. Among the visitors from afar were Frank Barber and son, Hesper of Pere Cheney, and J. M. Carrier of Petoskey, who has been writing fire insurance in the neighborhood.



No "Holey" Stockings For These Boys

They wear Foot Rest—the tear-resisting and wear-holding—hose that's made to stand the hard wear that boys give their stockings.

Foot Rest Hosiery

for your boys will give them more comfort and longer wear and save you money and mending. Next time the boys need stockings buy them some Foot Rest.

Foot Rest Hosiery

For Children, 10c-15c-25c
For Women, 10c-15c-25c-50c-\$1.00
For Men, 10c-15c-25c-50c

J. A. HOLLIDAY

5, 10 and 25c Store
GRAYLING, MICHIGAN

1878

1916

Salling, Hanson Co.

DRY GOODS HARDWARE

GROCERIES

Call on us for
ANYTHING

Phone 21

GRAYLING, MICHIGAN

Standing of Auto Contestants

Contestants

Ruby Dyer 118,325
Kenneth Nell 115,599
George Hodge 79,695
Frankie Owens 25,130
Romain Charron 16,710

All bread wrappers and votes for contest must be turned in by Thursday, June 29th, but books can be bought up to four o'clock Friday afternoon. The auto will be given away at four o'clock Friday afternoon, June 30.

Model Bakery and Grocery

THE HOME OF PURITY AND QUALITY

WANTS

Advertisements will be accepted under this heading at the rate of 5 cents per line. No ad. taken for less than 15 cents. There are about six words to the line. SEND MONEY WITH THE ORDER.

LOST—Small, slender, short hair dog, color black and tan, with pearl-studded collar and name E. J. Ballard engraved in brass plate, answers to the name of Don. Finder please phone Mrs. E. J. Ballard 6-22-2.

FOR SALE—An automobile. Inquire at the Avalanche office. 6-29-2.

WANTED—To rent house. Steady renter, and pay promptly. E. S. Streeter.

FOR SALE—Milk from good young cows. Special care taken in handling. Fine for feeding babies. C. R. King, South Side. 6-22-2.

WANTED—Girl to assist in general housework. Wages \$1.00. Address R. F. D., No 1. Box 84-A, Compton. 6-22-2.

LOST—In a stable river just below the "Pullover", one brown canvas sack, containing clothing and provisions. Liberal reward. Isaac P. James, Saginaw, Mich. 6-22-2.

FOR SALE—Angle worms. 10 cents per hundred. Menno Corwin. Phone 933. 6-22-2.

PLAIN sewing and dressmaking. Phone 663. 6-22-2.

TO RENT—6 room house on Chestnut street. Inquire of Mrs. Niene Nielsen. 5-22-2.

FOUND—Stray dog. Owner may have same by proving property and paying for this notice. W. Fales, South Side. 6-22-2.

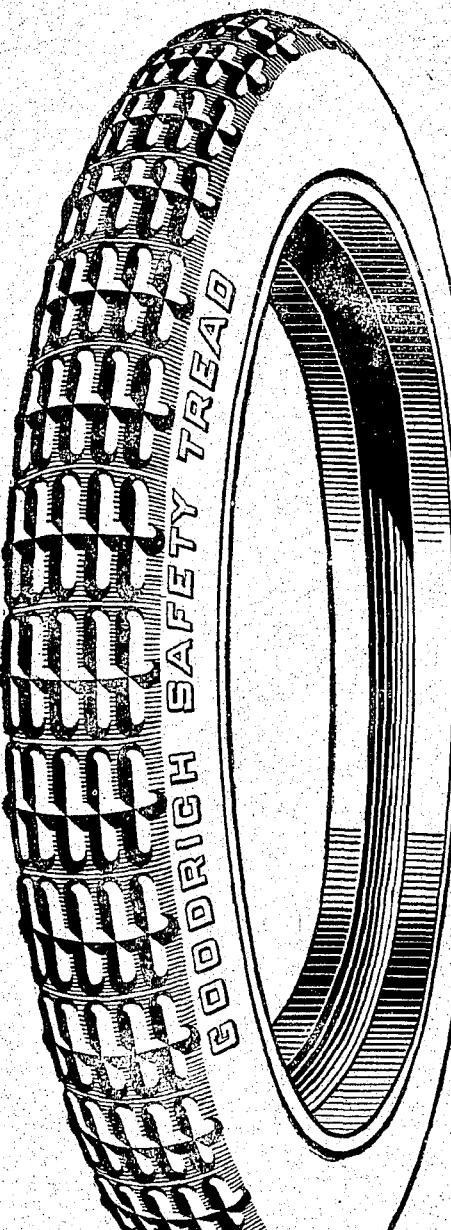


or any other night,
you'll find an
EVEREADY
FLASHLIGHT

comes in mighty handy—at the theatre—the awkward keyhole—making change at night. A simple press on the button and instantly its genuine Mazda lamp and guaranteed Tungsten battery give forth a flood of light. Come in and examine our assortment of Eveready Flashlights, at prices that are sure to please.

Olaf Sorenson & Sons
Electric Bulbs and Spark Plugs
For All Makes of Cars

"Reason Why" Tires



Goodrich "Fair-List" Prices

BLACK "BAREFOOT" SAFETY-TREADS
30x3 } Ford Sizes \$10.40
30x3 1/2 } \$13.40
32x3 1/2 } \$15.45
33x4 } \$22.00
34x4 } \$22.40
35x4 1/2 } \$31.20
36x4 1/2 } \$31.60
37x5 } \$37.35

Goodrich Truck Tires

* * *

REPLACEMENTS of other Makes of Truck Tires with Goodrich Truck Tires, during last four years were as follows:

1912 Change-overs to Goodrich 3,590
1913 " " " 6,357
1914 " " " 10,725
1915 " " " 14,000

These Change-overs to Goodrich tell their own story to the thinking Truck-Owner.

THE B. F. GOODRICH CO.,
Akron, O.

GOODRICH Fair-Listed "Black-Tread" TIRES

"TEXTAN" Does for your SHOE Soles what black "Barefoot-Rubber" does for Goodrich TIRE Soles.

—Wears longer than Leather!

—Is Water proof!

—Is Non-slippery!

—Is more Flexible than Leather!

—Is Lighter than Leather!

—Is EASIER on your Feet!

Ask your Shoe Dealer, or Shoe Repairer, for Textan Soles on your next pair of Shoes.



Children Like Ice Cream

Why not give it to them—it has been proven by experts that ICE CREAM gives the greatest energy and builds the waste—it has MORE FOOD VALUE and will build more strength than most of the food we are now eating.

Could you give the children anything better?

It's a pure, wholesome, tissue building food.

Let the kiddies have plenty of it.

Let it act as their dessert during the hot summer months.

A. M. LEWIS, YOUR DRUGGIST

Local News

GRAYLING, THURSDAY, JUNE 29

J. F. Smith of Fenton spent several days here this week visiting friends.

A baby daughter was born to Dr. and Mrs. J. Atwood Whitaker last Monday morning, June 26.

Clarence Brown came home from Flint Saturday to spend Sunday visiting his parents and friends.

Joseph King returned Tuesday from a ten days vacation spent at Detroit, Ann Arbor and Pinconning.

Miss Clara Nelson is entertaining her friend Miss Esther Nelson of Johannesburg for several days.

Harry Conine arrived from the U. of M. last Friday, and is spending the summer vacation at his home here.

Get the habit as others have, of going to Hathaway's when you need anything in the jewelry or optical line.

Miss Dorthea Gray of Winona is spending several weeks here visiting her aunt, Mrs. Jeffry McMahan and family.

Miss Fern Armstrong, after spending last week, the guest of friends in Bay City, returned home Monday afternoon.

Ladies' waists and skirts in wash goods—you never saw lower prices. Also millinery—few hats almost one-half off, at Frank's.

Paul Ziebell has resumed his duties at the Company store, after an absence of a couple of weeks on account of an attack of erysipelas.

Miss Alicia Brink arrived Monday afternoon from Bay City, for several weeks visit with her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Brink and friends.

Mrs. John Hodge and children returned Saturday from Atlanta, where they had spent several days. They were accompanied home by Mrs. Dennis and son, Willard of Indian River.

Several auto loads of people from Traverse City, Petoskey, Charlevoix, Onaway, Gaylord, Mancelona, West Branch, Roscommon and Frederic visited the Military reservation last Sunday.



Value never before offered except at a much higher price has been built into this new

19 Jewel Special

South Bend Watch

Compare the above with any other watch ever offered you at anywhere near the price.

16 Size \$25.00. 12 Size \$27.50

C. J. HATHAWAY

Jeweler and Optometrist

Next Tuesday is the Fourth of July. Let's make it a safe one.

A. J. Pearsall of Johannesburg was in the city Monday on business.

Miss Marjorie Petersen of Bay City is visiting her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Hammond.

Mrs. John K. Hanson left last Monday to visit her son, Sigwald Hanson and wife at Cleo, Michigan.

The new Masonic temple at Gaylord was duly dedicated last Monday evening with impressive ceremonies.

Miss Frances Preston is entertaining her cousin, Miss Dorothy Shoemaker of Flint for a couple of weeks.

Don't the sun hurt your eyes? Have Hathaway make you up some colored glasses with your correction ground in them.

Mrs. F. Doyle of Waters spent the past week visiting her son, Francis, who is with the 31st infantry at the reservation.

Misses Buelah and Maxine Collen arrived yesterday from Detroit to spend the summer with their father, Alonso Collen.

Gerald Powell arrived from Detroit and is visiting at the summer home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Powell at Portage lake.

Angus Campbell resigned his position at the McCullough barber shop Saturday, and returned Monday to his home in Boyne City.

Junior Hanson, son of Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Hanson, entertained a few of his young friends in honor of his fifth birthday, Monday afternoon.

Mrs. Walter G. Rogers, wife of Col. Rogers, and children of Lansing arrived Tuesday and are occupying the Blair cottage at Portage lake.

J. W. Grant of Gaylord, who formerly operated a bakery here and also at Gaylord, is assisting at the Model Bakery during the rush season.

John M. Perry of Tustin, candidate for state senator in the 28th district, is in the city getting acquainted with the people. He is cashier of the bank at Tustin.

Mrs. Clayton Tennent of DuPont avenue is entertaining her sister, Miss Ethel Nadill, who just finished a term of teaching in one of the schools of Bay City.

Louie Joseph, who is spending a summer of weeks here visiting his parents and friends, will return after that time to attend summer school at U. of M. Ann Arbor.

Frank Michelson and family of Johannesburg, have opened their comfortable cottage at Portage lake, and are spending the summer months enjoying the lake breezes.

Wm. E. McCullough of Detroit, spent Saturday and Sunday here visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles McCullough, and also attending to some business matters.

Miss Viola Guetschow of Cheboygan, is taking care of the long distance work at the local telephone office, during the busy season, of the mobilization of the troops at Portage lake.

Miss Hilda Peterson of Youngstown, Ohio, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Peterson, after a length absence from home. She arrived Saturday afternoon and will spend several weeks here.

A large number of the Danish people gathered at Danecob hall last Sunday afternoon and listened to a fine report of the convention of the Danish Lutheran churches of America, which was given by L. C. Bundgaard, who attended the convention in Newell, Iowa, as a delegate from the local church.

Some of our ladies have learned that there is a dearth of reading matter at Camp Ferris and for that reason are gathering magazines and other literature for distribution among the men. Anyone having such literature to contribute please deliver same to Mrs. S. N. Insley or Mrs. A. A. Ellsworth. Any good reading matter will be gladly accepted.

Miss Methyl Hatch has resigned her position as book-keeper at the Sorenson Bros. store, and Miss Hilda Sivars has accepted the position and commenced her duties the latter part of last week. It was necessary for Miss Hatch to resign on account of illness. She expects to leave in a couple of weeks for the farm home of an aunt near Hillsdale, to recuperate for a couple of months.

A. L. Foster, superintendent of the du Pont plant, was in Bay City last week to serve as a witness in behalf of his employers, who were defendants in a damage suit. A verdict was rendered in favor of the defendant. It is our opinion that there are no manufacturing companies in business in the country who are more appreciative and considerate of their employees than the du Ponds and that any legitimate claim against them would be properly settled without legal litigation. The result of the above mentioned case would seem to substantiate our opinion.

Mrs. Henderson of Iowa, has been in the city the past several days, assisting Sorenson Brothers in putting on a contest, and during this time, in company with Mr. and Mrs. James W. Sorenson and Mrs. Waldemar Jensen, made a trip thru the different towns and counties adjoining Grayling, explaining the contest. They visited Roscommon, Center Plains, Beaver Creek, Frederic, Maple Forest, Sigsbee and Lovells, and the whole trip was made by auto. Mrs. Henderson, having never been to this part of the country, was very much pleased with it, and also interested. So that it proved to be both a business and pleasure trip, that was very much enjoyed by all.

Mrs. Axel Sorenson and little daughter, Gerda Johanna and her mother, Mrs. J. Hanson arrived last Friday from Detroit for a ten days visit with friends. Mr. Sorenson came up from Detroit and spent Sunday with his wife here. Mrs. Sorenson was formerly Miss Johanna Hanson of this city and was book-keeper at the Sorenson Bros. store for several years, and her many friends are enjoying her very much. Rev. Kjellshede officiated at the baptism of their little daughter at the Danish-Lutheran church Sunday morning.

Flakes town has few funerals. West Branch will celebrate July 3, 4 and 5.

Henry Joseph is enjoying a week's vacation from his duties at the Sorenson Bros. store.

Mrs. Arfield Charron and children are leaving this week for Flint, where Mr. Charron is employed.

Algot Johnson and Rasmus Jorgenson are driving new Ford autos, which they purchased recently.

Thurlon Dudd of Johannesburg is spending several days at Portage lake a guest at the Frank Michelson cottage.

A large consignment of rainbow trout were received here first of the week, for planting in the AuSable river.

Men's Poros-Knit and B. V. D. underwear, 45 cents and up. Children's, only 25 cents per union suit.

Frank Dreese.

Several couples enjoyed the dancing party at the Colen pavilion at Portage Lake last Saturday evening. Clark's orchestra furnished the music.

Mr. and Mrs. Devere Burgess entertained Mr. and Mrs. Ray-Polly of Onaway, who drove over from Onaway last Sunday and spent the day at the military reservation.

Mr. and Mrs. Ray Rice of Traverse City were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Dreese last Sunday, driving over here in their auto to visit at the military reservation.

Otto Eugene Failing, son of Mr. and Mrs. Horace Failing of this city enlisted Monday in Company I of the 33rd regiment. Also Barley Bass of Lowell enlisted in the same company.

An auto truck will call for your old newspapers and magazines for the Ladies' Aid society next Saturday. Please have them ready when auto arrives, to save time. Those having such are requested to call Mrs. Oscar Hanson, Phone 17.

Ten young ladies responded to an invitation to attend a miscellaneous shower at the home of Mrs. Holger C. Schmidt to honor Miss Agnes Hanson. The bride received many pretty and useful gifts and the guests spent a very pleasant evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Victor Brown of Oakland, California, are the proud parents of a baby daughter, Lorene Audrey, born June 14th. Mr. Brown is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Peter L. Brown of this city, and spent his boyhood days in Grayling, having graduated from the Grayling High school. Grandma Brown is stepping high these days over the occasion of the birth of their first grandchild.

The Grayling Odd Fellows gave a fish supper at their lodge banquet room last week Thursday night. This was to celebrate an event of great importance to Grayling Lodge—the consolidation of Lewiston Lodge No. 187 with the local lodge. Grand Master Newville was present and took charge of the ceremonies. This largely increases the membership of Grayling lodge. Grayling is noted around the state as having one of the best and most proficient Odd Fellow lodges in Michigan.

At the annual state meeting of the G. A. R. held at Bay City last week, friends of Dr. O. Palmer of this city, arranged to elect him to the high office of senior vice commander. It was only after a vigorous protest on the part of the Dr. that his name was not presented for election. Mr. Palmer is one of the busy men of Grayling and because of lack of time he felt that he would have to decline this most courteous offer. He is fully appreciative of the fine compliment offered him and greatly regrets that he is not in a position to accept it.

Henry (Tom) Stephens arrived in Grayling Tuesday, in his big 8-cylinder Cadillac and was calling on friends about town. This is Mr. Stephens' first visit here since last fall, when he was about to leave for South America. He promises at an early date another book on South American travels, a sequel to his former book.

He says that he intends to remain at Waters until the affairs of the Stephens Lumber company are closed, about next December. When asked if there was any chance of a few ball games he was at once interested, but made no rash promises. He is looking as fine as ever and seems the same fellow.

Henry (Tom) Stephens arrived in Grayling Tuesday, in his big 8-cylinder Cadillac and was calling on friends about town. This is Mr. Stephens' first visit here since last fall, when he was about to leave for South America. He promises at an early date another book on South American travels, a sequel to his former book.

He says that he intends to remain at Waters until the affairs of the Stephens Lumber company are closed, about next December. When asked if there was any chance of a few ball games he was at once interested, but made no rash promises. He is looking as fine as ever and seems the same fellow.

He says that he intends to remain at Waters until the affairs of the Stephens Lumber company are closed, about next December. When asked if there was any chance of a few ball games he was at once interested, but made no rash promises. He is looking as fine as ever and seems the same fellow.

He says that he intends to remain at Waters until the affairs of the Stephens Lumber company are closed, about next December. When asked if there was any chance of a few ball games he was at once interested, but made no rash promises. He is looking as fine as ever and seems the same fellow.

He says that he intends to remain at Waters until the affairs of the Stephens Lumber company are closed, about next December. When asked if there was any chance of a few ball games he was at once interested, but made no rash promises. He is looking as fine as ever and seems the same fellow.

He says that he intends to remain at Waters until the affairs of the Stephens Lumber company are closed, about next December. When asked if there was any chance of a few ball games he was at once interested, but made no rash promises. He is looking as fine as ever and seems the same fellow.

He says that he intends to remain at Waters until the affairs of the Stephens Lumber company are closed, about next December. When asked if there was any chance of a few ball games he was at once interested, but made no rash promises. He is looking as fine as ever and seems the same fellow.

He says that he intends to remain at Waters until the affairs of the Stephens Lumber company are closed, about next December. When asked if there was any chance of a few ball games he was at once interested, but made no rash promises. He is looking as fine as ever and seems the same fellow.

He says that he intends to remain at Waters until the affairs of the Stephens Lumber company are closed, about next December. When asked if there was any chance of a few ball games he was at once interested, but made no rash promises. He is looking as fine as ever and seems the same fellow.

He says that he intends to remain at Waters until the affairs of the Stephens Lumber company are closed, about next December. When asked if there was any chance of a few ball games he was at once interested, but made no rash promises. He is looking as fine as ever and seems the same fellow.

He says that he intends to remain at Waters until the affairs of the Stephens Lumber company are closed, about next December. When asked if there was any chance of a few ball games he was at once interested, but made no rash promises. He is looking as fine as ever and seems the same fellow.

He says that he intends to remain at Waters until the affairs of the Stephens Lumber company are closed, about next December. When asked if there was any chance of a few ball games he was at once interested, but made no rash promises. He is looking as fine as ever and seems the same fellow.

He says that he intends to remain at Waters until the affairs of the Stephens Lumber company are closed, about next December. When asked if there was any chance of a few ball games he was at once interested, but made no rash promises. He is looking as fine as ever and seems the same fellow.

He says that he intends to remain at Waters until the affairs of the Stephens Lumber company are closed, about next December. When asked if there was any chance of a few ball games he was at once interested, but made no rash promises. He is looking as fine as ever and seems the same fellow.

He says that he intends to remain at Waters until the affairs of the Stephens Lumber company are closed, about next December. When asked if there was any chance of a few ball games he was at once interested, but made no rash promises. He is looking as fine as ever and seems the same fellow.

He says that he intends to remain at Waters until the affairs of the Stephens Lumber company are closed, about next December. When asked if there was any chance of a few ball games he was at once interested, but made no rash promises. He is looking as fine as ever and seems the same fellow.

JUNE SPECIALS

Ladies' Wash Skirts

Nice cool, Wash Skirts, several styles and materials

\$1.50 to \$6.00

Several lots of new

Blouses, Voiles, Silks

all washable

\$1.00 to \$2.50

Ladies' Summer Underwear

All Styles and Sizes

Vests 10c up. Union Suits

25c .50c \$1.00

Ladies' Middies

A big assortment to choose from

75c to \$1.50

Reductions in Our Millinery Dep't.

\$7.00 and \$8.00 Hats now

\$5.00

\$5.00 and \$6.00 Hats now

\$3.95

\$4.00 Hats now

\$2.95

\$3.00 Hats now

\$1.98

The Red Circle

by
Albert Payson Terhune

AUTHOR OF "THE FIGHTER," "CALEB CON-
OVER," "SYRIA FROM THE SADDLE," ETC.
NOVELIZED FROM PATHE PHOTO PLAY OF
THE SAME NAME BY WILL M. RITCHIEY.

COPYRIGHT, 1918, BY ALBERT PAYSON TERHUNE

SYNOPSIS.

"Circle Jim" Borden, named from a red birthmark on his hand, has survived the trials of life. In the Borden generation, always a criminal, has borne the Red Circle mark. Jim and his son Ted are the only known living members of the family. Jim's son Ted, in detail to keep an eye on Jim, June Travis and her mother meet Jim as he is released. Jim and the Red Circle on a worn-out hand outside a curtained automobile. June, marked with the Red Circle, robes Grant, a loan shark. Mary, June's nurse, is Grant's maid and calls her child "Circle Jim's" daughter, though Mrs. Travis does not know. Ted tricks Grant into revealing his secret. June, old tricks, tricks Grant into revealing his secret. June sees the Red Circle on Grant's hand.

TENTH INSTALLMENT

EXCESS BAGGAGE

Leaning against a rock, near the cave entrance, "Smiling Sam" rubbed a big knotted hand over the bristly stubble on his chin.

"A Red Circle on June Travis' hand!" he muttered over and over. "How in blazes can that be? What?"

He crept from the protection of the cavern-mouth and peered around the edge of the jutting rock, nearer to Mary and June. Their excited conversation was carried on in high-pitched tones that easily reached the hidden listener's ears.

"Of all the queer things that keep happening!" Mary was saying impatiently. "I do declare it gets on a body's nerves."

"If you let it get on your nerves," laughed June, "it's rather fun—anything mysterious is fun."

"Look!"

June raised her right hand and pointed down the beach.

"Is that a man carrying a basket, or do my eyes deceive me?"

Expecting an indignant retort and receiving none at all, made her glance roughly, from the corner of her eyes. She found Mary's horrified gaze fixed on her raised hand. The light left her face suddenly.

"Is it there?" she asked, dreading to look.

Mary took hold of the cold finger tips and pressed the marked hand against her breast.

"Yes, it's there," she answered sadly. "Well, daughter of 'Circle Jim,' what new mischief are you planning now?"

"Smiling Sam" uttered a quick, gasping sound and ducked behind the rock as the two women looked in his direction. Crouched there, gripping the smoothly worn surface for support, he grinned.

"Circle Jim!"

June Travis' "Circle Jim's" child! They turned and started to walk up the beach toward the Travis cottage. "Smiling Sam" crept stealthily from behind the huge pile of rocks and looked around for possible pur-



Now Look Me in!

sers. Finding the coast clear, he jumped boldly into the open and followed them as rapidly as he considered prudent.

As June neared the second rocky point, he called to her.

"Sam! Sam Eagan!" she gasped, clutching Mary's arm. "What does he want me for?"

By this time "Smiling Sam" was standing before them. He bowed over courteously. When he stood erect, there was a strange light in his beady eyes.

"Sam!" June began reproachfully, "after all your promises to me! After all you—"

"What I've done, Miss Travis?" he whined.

"What have you done?" repeated June, moving a step nearer him. "Don't you feel the least bit of shame, standing there, before me, and asking me that?"

Sam threw back his head and roared aloud with genuine laughter. Mary ran to June and put her arms around her.

He stopped before them and blocked their way. Then he pointed a stubby, gray-snubbed forefinger at June's tightly clasped hands.

"Not so quick!" he repeated sharply. "I've got your pedigree, and it's a peach."

Cold fear crept into June's heart. She made a spasmodic attempt to hide her hands behind her back. Sam laughed triumphantly.

basket fixed long before. Then right after we've finished dinner you and I can slip out on some pretext or other and put it at the side of the garage."

At seven o'clock that evening a bulky, crouching figure stood alone in the shadow of the hedge skirting the Travis grounds. It made for a small gate, looked cautiously to the left and right, then dashed through, toward the rear of the garage.

A huge touring car, rolled half through the open doorway, reflected the light of a moon from its highly polished hood.

The man sneaked around in the shadows, saw and dodged back, fearful lest there might be someone in it.

He peered around the corner of the garage and grinned mockingly as he saw Mary and June stand down the steps of the little back porch and run down the driveway in his direction.

Yama, his back toward the door, was trying to persuade a bulging trunk that his slight weight was sufficient to end the argument. "Smiling Sam" slowly and silently opened the door. Intent upon the stubborn job before him, Yama heard nothing—sensed nothing.

The crime specialist rose from his chair and held out his hand.

"I'd like to do anything you ask me to, chief," he declared, sincerely, "but I can't handle this Gordon case. Because I'm going to stick to the Red Circle until I solve it."

There was a knock at the door. The chief's secretary came in from the outside office.

"The two men you sent down to Surtion on the Gordon case are outside. They'd like to see you at once—very important."

Lamar reached for his hat. The chief interposed.

"No, I want you to stay and hear what they have to say. Maybe it will arouse your interest sufficiently to make you change your mind. Send them in, Harry."

The two detectives rushed into the doorway, each desperately anxious to tell the exciting story. Lamar smiled. Once upon a time, centuries ago, he had that same impulsive enthusiasm.

" Didn't get a trace of him down at Surtion," Boyle, the taller of the two, burst out as he crossed the threshold. "Must have had a pal down there who warned him."

"And we were coming back to town, disgusted with our luck," intercepted Jacobs, "when all of a sudden I look out of the window and see this fellow Gordon, standing plumb on the side walk, as bold as you please. Of course Bill and I got off that car in double-quick time, but before we could steal up on him Gordon sighted us and—"

"And made for an alleyway," the first detective broke in, jealously. "We chased him down the alleyway—it was one running alongside a lumber yard. We got a patrolman to stand guard over the entrance to the yard while we investigated further down the alley—but nothing doing."

"Did you search the yard?" asked Lamar quietly.

"Aw, how can you search a lumber yard?" scoffed Jacobs. "A guy could have you playing hide-and-seek all week in one of those things. We put the patrolman there so he couldn't make a getaway."

The chief looked at Lamar.

"Well," he asked slyly, "does it change your mind?"

Mac shook his head.

"Sorry. But it doesn't. Good-by. I'm not going back to the office just yet. I'm going to take a brisk walk. Maybe when I get back some of these cobwebs will be cleared out of my head. I'm not going to walk past any lumber yards, either," he added as a parting shot.

The four men—all interested in the man-hunt for the little embezzler, Gordon—laughed heartily. If only one of them had looked out of the window of the chief's office at that minute he would have seen a weary, bedraggled creature holding a small, white card in his hand, wandering past, looking for a man.

The weary, bedraggled creature was Charles Gordon, fugitive attorney, who, after a night spent on a damp park lawn, was seeking Max Lamar to throw himself on his mercy.

The sight of a blue uniform with brass buttons on the street corner ahead of him made him dodge rapidly into a convenient doorway. Heavy, regular footstep approached his hiding place—the measured pacing of the patrolman on his beat known so well to evaders of embarrassing situations.

The blue, well-filled figure got abreast of the spot—passed it, unseeing. The coast was clear.

Gordon jumped from the doorway, skirted the building, keeping close to the wall, and turned the corner. There he drew a free breath and pushed his hat back on his forehead.

The second large doorway from the corner had "Black Building" carved in the stone up to the arch. Gordon looked at the card in his hand.

The pencil line under Lamar's name read, "512 Black Building."

He walked through the huge glass door and started to mount the stairs. A man sneaking from the law's law office does not trust himself to elevators—or rather people who run them.

With his eyes glued to the large trunk Yama remained silent.

"Who're ye think you talkin' to?" scoffed the smaller. "Them min don't understand language. An' there ain't nothin' th' mother wid him—they're always sickly lookin' weeds, thin foreigners!"

"Yer right, as I usually am," as

sented the other. "Now give a shoul-

der, me hearty, up wid ye on the back of—Holy saints, this boy has a fine weight on him! Lend an arrum here, Muirony!"

Between them they hoisted the trunk containing "Smiling Sam" and carried it downstairs.

In his office, surrounded by his stuffy old records and science books, Lamar had been struggling all day to rid him

of the vision of a pair of challenging eyes, laughing lips and a crown of adorable curls.

Her face bobbed at him from behind dusty bookshelves. It smiled haughtily from smudged, printed pages of police records. It danced tantalizingly near; but never within arm's reach.

In utter disgust he slammed down a book on "The Detective Cyclopedia," took his hat and came from the rack, and strode over to the office of the chief of police. The secretary asked him to wait a moment. During the sixty seconds Lamar feverishly paced the little anteroom.

The chief came out to greet him.

"Hello—what's up?" he inquired tersely, at first sight of him. "Look all gone to pieces. What is it? Stomach, liver—or heart?"

"Oh, I'm worked out!" explained Max impatiently. "These 'Red Circle' cases

have got me going. They make me see

what I don't want to see."

"I don't want to speak to you about

the 'Red Circle,'" Allen told him. "Come on into the office and have a smoke. I want you to drop those cases for a while and go to work on the Gordon affair. The Farwell corporation will pay heavy blood money to get him back. You're the man I want on it."

"Can't do it, chief," Lamar answered without a moment's hesitation. "Awfully sorry—but I can't do it."

"Nonsense! Why can't you? The change will give your nerves a rest. This 'Red Circle' business has got you wavy. Come on, start out on the Gordon case, Lamar."

"The crime specialist rose from his chair and held out his hand.

"I'd like to do anything you ask me to, chief," he declared, sincerely.

"'Nonsense! Why can't you? The change will give your nerves a rest. This 'Red Circle' business has got you wavy. Come on, start out on the Gordon case, Lamar."

"The crime specialist rose from his chair and held out his hand.

"I'd like to do anything you ask me to, chief," he declared, sincerely.

"'Nonsense! Why can't you? The change will give your nerves a rest. This 'Red Circle' business has got you wavy. Come on, start out on the Gordon case, Lamar."

"The crime specialist rose from his chair and held out his hand.

"I'd like to do anything you ask me to, chief," he declared, sincerely.

"'Nonsense! Why can't you? The change will give your nerves a rest. This 'Red Circle' business has got you wavy. Come on, start out on the Gordon case, Lamar."

"The crime specialist rose from his chair and held out his hand.

"I'd like to do anything you ask me to, chief," he declared, sincerely.

"'Nonsense! Why can't you? The change will give your nerves a rest. This 'Red Circle' business has got you wavy. Come on, start out on the Gordon case, Lamar."

"The crime specialist rose from his chair and held out his hand.

"I'd like to do anything you ask me to, chief," he declared, sincerely.

"'Nonsense! Why can't you? The change will give your nerves a rest. This 'Red Circle' business has got you wavy. Come on, start out on the Gordon case, Lamar."

"The crime specialist rose from his chair and held out his hand.

"I'd like to do anything you ask me to, chief," he declared, sincerely.

"'Nonsense! Why can't you? The change will give your nerves a rest. This 'Red Circle' business has got you wavy. Come on, start out on the Gordon case, Lamar."

"The crime specialist rose from his chair and held out his hand.

"I'd like to do anything you ask me to, chief," he declared, sincerely.

"'Nonsense! Why can't you? The change will give your nerves a rest. This 'Red Circle' business has got you wavy. Come on, start out on the Gordon case, Lamar."

"The crime specialist rose from his chair and held out his hand.

"I'd like to do anything you ask me to, chief," he declared, sincerely.

"'Nonsense! Why can't you? The change will give your nerves a rest. This 'Red Circle' business has got you wavy. Come on, start out on the Gordon case, Lamar."

"The crime specialist rose from his chair and held out his hand.

"I'd like to do anything you ask me to, chief," he declared, sincerely.

"'Nonsense! Why can't you? The change will give your nerves a rest. This 'Red Circle' business has got you wavy. Come on, start out on the Gordon case, Lamar."

"The crime specialist rose from his chair and held out his hand.

"I'd like to do anything you ask me to, chief," he declared, sincerely.

"'Nonsense! Why can't you? The change will give your nerves a rest. This 'Red Circle' business has got you wavy. Come on, start out on the Gordon case, Lamar."

"The crime specialist rose from his chair and held out his hand.

"I'd like to do anything you ask me to, chief," he declared, sincerely.

"'Nonsense! Why can't you? The change will give your nerves a rest. This 'Red Circle' business has got you wavy. Come on, start out on the Gordon case, Lamar."

"The crime specialist rose from his chair and held out his hand.

"I'd like to do anything you ask me to, chief," he declared, sincerely.

"'Nonsense! Why can't you? The change will give your nerves a rest. This 'Red Circle' business has got you wavy. Come on, start out on the Gordon case, Lamar."

"The crime specialist rose from his chair and held out his hand.

"I'd like to do anything you ask me to, chief," he declared, sincerely.

"'Nonsense! Why can't you? The change will give your nerves a rest. This 'Red Circle' business has got you wavy. Come on, start out on the Gordon case, Lamar."

"The crime specialist rose from his chair and held out his hand.

"I'd like to do anything you ask me to, chief," he declared, sincerely.

"'Nonsense! Why can't you? The change will give your nerves a rest. This 'Red Circle' business has got you wavy. Come on, start out on the Gordon case, Lamar."

The Red Circle

by
Albert Payson Terhune

AUTHOR OF "THE FIGHTER," "CALEB CON OVER," "SYRIA FROM THE SADDLE," ETC.
NOVELIZED FROM PATHÉ PHOTO PLAY OF THE SAME NAME BY WILL M. RITCHIEY.

(COPYRIGHT, 1915, BY ALBERT PAYSON TERHUNE)

SYNOPSIS

"Circle Jim" Borden, named from a red birthmark on his hand, served his third prison term. In each Borden generation, always a criminal, has borne the Red Circle mark. Jim and his son, Max, are known to the police as Borden's. Max Lamar, a detective, is detailed to keep an eye on Jim. June Travis and her mother, Mrs. Travis, are June's legal guardians. Jim and his son, Max, are known to the police as Borden's. Max Lamar, a detective, is detailed to keep an eye on Jim. June Travis and her mother, Mrs. Travis, are June's legal guardians. June's musical young voice called out: "Don't forget to give the expressman the right address, Yama!"

"Who would 'a' thought it?" he purred at her. "Miss June Travis, prison worker, saver of souls, a little angel of the cells—a crook—daughter of 'Circle Jim,' the slickest thing I ever chummed with."

"Come to the house with me!" Mary implored pitifully.

" Didn't I tell you not so quick, old lady? She ain't going to the house with you and leave me cold. Get me?" he snarled.

"What do you want?" asked June, looking straight into his vicious little eyes.

"Oh, going to be nasty about it, eh? Well, now, look here, you—cut it. They're after me. And 'Circle Jim's' daughter will get me food and protection, or I'll squeal good and plenty and trade her secret to the police, see?"

June shrank into Mary's arms—all her bravado gone.

"Oh, maybe ma would like to know the glad news!" he sneered. "Well, here goes."

"Stop!" June caught at his dirty, wrinkled coat sleeve. "Hid! Hide quickly, before they see you! Tonight I'll leave a basket of food for you at the corner of our garage—you know the place! Now, hide!"

Sam cast a last threatening look at the two figures in the distance, then dodged deftly behind a convenient boulder.

"Oh, hush, hush!" June's voice was shrill with terror. "All I ask you to do is leave the grounds. Now will you go, or won't you?"

"Oh, well, when you're decent about it, like that, I suppose I'll go," and "Smiling Sam" allowed himself to be urged around the garage into the darkness.

He reached the rear gate, still muttering. And then a thought struck him. Those two women had seemed desperately anxious to be rid of him.

The ashen, shaken Jap clicked the

basket fixed long before. Then right after we've finished dinner you and I can slip out on some pretext or other and put it at the side of the garage."

At seven o'clock that evening a bulky, crouching figure stood along in the shadow of the hedge skirting the Travis grounds. It made for the trunk, looked cautiously to the left and right, then darted through, toward the rear of the garage.

A huge touring car, rolled half through the open doorway, reflected the light of a low moon from its highly polished hood.

The man sneaked around in the shadows, saw and dodged back, fearful lest there might be someone in it. He peered around the corner of the garage and grinned mockingly at her.

Yama, his back toward the door, was trying to persuade a bulging trunk that his slight weight was sufficient to end the argument. "Smiling Sam" slowly and silently opened the door. Intent upon the stubborn job before him, Yama heard nothing—sensed nothing.

Sam stood over him, brandishing the knife, snarling, swearing, threatening.

The delicious fright of the little man before him fired his blood. He was a giant—and an armed one—over an unarmed, babbling pygmy. He flourished his weapon more extravagantly. Then suddenly a great idea came to him, and to celebrate it he held the knife a few inches from Yama's throat and made a graphic pass through the air, emitting at the same time that pleasant, gurgling sound which is supposed to be the swan song of a man having his throat cut.

"Take the trays out of that truck and dump the trays out of that closet over there," he commanded.

"You're going to lock me in, ship me to the city as baggage and keep your gab muzzled. If you breathe a word to anybody,"—here Sam drew an aeroplane road map with his knife—"I'll run this little lawn mower down your throat, cut out your vocal cords and string 'em on my zither! Get me? Now lock me in!"

Petrified with fear, Yama made an attempt to expostulate. Outside the slow, regular trot-trot of well-fed placid truck horses, pulling a rattling wagon sounded unusually distinct on the night air.

Sam brought the knife perilously close to the Jap's dilated nostrils and drew it back and forth, uttering unpleasant sounds. With a final flourish, he dropped into the trunk and pulled the lid down over him.

"Lock it, or I'll carve a rose on your heart!" The muffled threat leaked through, somehow.

The ashen, shaken Jap clicked the

ugly knife lying on the table, with a savagery that was foreign to his usual suave methods.

Overhead he heard the floor respond almost imperceptibly to Yama's light steps. That must be the room the trunks were in, he decided. He bent down and crept along the floor, so that his body could not be seen from the outside.

Once in the darkened hall, he stood erect and felt his way to the stairs. They creaked faintly under his bulky weight—too faintly to attract attention. In the upper corridor a half-opened door showed a lighted room.

Yama, his back toward the door, was trying to persuade a bulging trunk that his slight weight was sufficient to end the argument. "Smiling Sam" slowly and silently opened the door. Intent upon the stubborn job before him, Yama heard nothing—sensed nothing.

Sam stood over him, brandishing the knife, snarling, swearing, threatening.

The delicious fright of the little man before him fired his blood. He was a giant—and an armed one—over an unarmed, babbling pygmy. He flourished his weapon more extravagantly. Then suddenly a great idea came to him, and to celebrate it he held the knife a few inches from Yama's throat and made a graphic pass through the air, emitting at the same time that pleasant, gurgling sound which is supposed to be the swan song of a man having his throat cut.

"Take the trays out of that truck and dump the trays out of that closet over there," he commanded.

"You're going to lock me in, ship me to the city as baggage and keep your gab muzzled. If you breathe a word to anybody,"—here Sam drew an aeroplane road map with his knife—"I'll run this little lawn mower down your throat, cut out your vocal cords and string 'em on my zither! Get me? Now lock me in!"

Petrified with fear, Yama made an attempt to expostulate. Outside the slow, regular trot-trot of well-fed placid truck horses, pulling a rattling wagon sounded unusually distinct on the night air.

Sam brought the knife perilously close to the Jap's dilated nostrils and drew it back and forth, uttering unpleasant sounds. With a final flourish, he dropped into the trunk and pulled the lid down over him.

"Lock it, or I'll carve a rose on your heart!" The muffled threat leaked through, somehow.

The ashen, shaken Jap clicked the

the "Red Circle," Allen told him. "Come on into the office and have a smoke. I want you to drop these cases for a while and go to work on the Gordon affair. The Farwell corporation will pay heavy blood money to get him back. You're the man I want on it."

"Can't do it, chief," Lamar answered without a moment's hesitation. "Awfully sorry—but I can't do it."

"Nonsense! Why can't you? The change will give your nerves a rest. This 'Red Circle' business has got you woody. Come on, start out on the Gordon case, Lamar."

The crime specialist rose from his chair and held out his hand.

"I'd like to do anything you ask me to, chief," he declared, sincerely, "but I can't handle this Gordon case. Because I'm going to stick to the 'Red Circle' until I solve it."

There was a knock at the door. The chief's secretary came in from the outside office.

"The two men you sent down to Suriton on the Gordon case are outside. They'd like to see you at once—very important."

Lamar reached for his hat. The chief interposed.

"No, I want you to stay and hear what I have to say. Maybe it will arouse your interest sufficiently to make you change your mind. Send them in, Harry."

The two detectives rushed into the doorway, each desperately anxious to tell the exciting story. Lamar smiled. Once upon a time, centuries ago, he had that same impulsive enthusiasm.

" Didn't get a trace of him down at Suriton," Doyle, the taller of the two, burst out as he crossed the threshold. "Must have had a pal down there who warned him."

"And we were coming back to town, disgusted with our luck," intercepted Jacobs, "when all of a sudden I look out of the window and see this fellow Gordon, standing plumb on the sidewalk, as bold as you please. Of course Bill and I got off that car in double-quick time; but before we could steal up on him, Gordon sighted us and—"

"And made for an alleyway," the first detective broke in, jealously. "We chased him down the alleyway—it was one running alongside a lumber yard. We got a patrolman to stand guard over the entrance to the yard while we investigated farther down the alley—but nothing doing."

"Did you search the yard?" asked Lamar quietly.

"Aw, how can you search a lumber yard?" scoffed Jacobs. "A guy could have you playing hide-and-seek all week in one of those things. We put the patrolman there so he couldn't make a getaway."

The chief looked at Lamar.

"Well," he asked slyly, "does it change your mind?"

Max shook his head.

"Sorry. But it doesn't. Good-by. I'm not going back to the office just yet. I'm going to take a brisk walk. Maybe when I get back some of these cobwebs will be cleared out of my head. I'm not going to walk past any lumber yards, either," he added as a parting shot.

The four men—all interested in the man hunt for the little embezzler, Gordon—laughed heartily. If only one of them had looked out of the window of the chief's office at that minute he would have seen a weary, bedraggled creature holding a small, white card in his hand, wandering past, looking for an address.

The weary, bedraggled creature was Charlie Gordon, fugitive attorney, who, after a night spent on a damp park lawn, was seeking Max Lamar to turn himself on his mercy.

The sight of a blue uniform with brass buttons on the street corner ahead of him made him dodge rapidly into a convenient doorway. Heavy, regular footsteps approached his hiding-place—the measured pacing of the patrolman on his beat, known so well to evaders of embarrassing situations.

The blue, well-fed figure got abreast of the spot—passed it, unseeing. The coast was clear.

Gordon jumped from the doorway, skirted the building, keeping close to the wall, and turned the corner. There he drew a free breath and pushed his hat back on his forehead.

The second large doorway from the corner had "Black Building" carved in the stone up over the arch. Gordon looked at the card in his hand.

The penciled line under Lamar's name read: "512 Black Building." He walked through the huge glass door and started to mount the stairs. A man sneaking from the law's hands does not trust himself to elevators—or rather people who run them.

At the top of the fourth flight he turned down the hallway to his left and looked for the door with that number on it. He found it—the door slightly ajar.

Very cautiously Gordon pushed it wider. A noise from the elevator shaft frightened him. He slipped inside and closed the door after him.

A graceful woman, prettily gowned, was seated in a chair beside the piano, with her back to him. The click of the closing door made her jump up and face him.

Gordon gasped. It was June Travis!

They stood staring at each other for a long second—both startled, both at a loss for words. June found speech first.

"Mr. Gordon!" she exclaimed, looking around nervously. "Why, foolish of you to take the chance! You had such a splendid opportunity to get away!"

"Why didn't you take advantage of it?"

"Get away!" Gordon laughed bitterly. "Miss Travis, everyone thinks that 'getting away' is mere child's play until they try to do it. There is nothing so difficult. There is nothing in the torture line that can come up to it—this dodging the police when you don't know how. I'm tired and cold and hungry. I've spent the night on a lawn in the park. I haven't had a morsel of food. I'm sick and discouraged—ready to give up. Mr. Lamar is my last hope. I thought I'd try him. If he turns me down it's all over."

June went toward him, smiling, and held out her hand.

"Don't get discouraged," she urged.

"You know anything is possible if you have the grit to back it."

"I haven't," Gordon said simply.

"Sit down." June pushed a chair toward him. "Maybe, if you can tell somebody what has happened, it will make it easier for you. It generally does lighter things to be able to talk about them. Will you tell me about your trouble, Mr. Gordon, and what led up to this? I'm very much interested."

Gordon shook his head.

"Please."

The telephone on the desk, at June's elbow, tinkled. She looked mischievously at Gordon, and waited to see if Lamar's secretary had heard it and would come running in from the outer office.

"I wonder if that's a call," she whispered, dimpling with mischief. "If it is, I'm going to answer it. Suppose it's some big crime case? A murder! Wouldn't it be exciting?"

She took the receiver from the hook.

"Hello," she said, as brief and businesslike as could be.

"Hello," came back over the wire, in a short, frightened gasp. "Mr. Lamar?"

There was a sharp click a buzzing, then utter silence. June moved the hook up and down impatiently. There

THE HIGH QUALITY SEWING MACHINE

NEW HOME

NOT SOLD UNDER ANY OTHER NAME

Write for free booklet "Points to be considered before purchasing a Sewing Machine." Learn the facts.

THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO., ORANGE, MASS.

Kill All Flies! They Spread Disease

Placed anywhere, Daisey Fly Killer attracts and kills all flies, fleas, gnats, mosquitoes, cockroaches, ants, etc.

Latexine Metal, an insecticide, kills all insects.

Latexine Metal, an

WOMAN AVOIDS OPERATION

Medicine Which Made Surgeon's Work Unnecessary.

Astoria, N. Y.—"For two years I was feeling ill and took all kinds of tonics. I was getting worse everyday. I had chills, my head would ache. I was always tired. I could not walk straight because of the pain in my back and I had pain in my stomach. I went to a doctor, and he said I must go under operation. So I did. I read in the paper about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and told my husband about it. I said 'I know nothing will help me but I will try this.' I found myself improving from the very first bottle, and in two weeks time I was able to sit down and eat a hearty breakfast with my husband, which I had not done for two years. I am now in the best of health and did not have the operation."—Mrs. JOHN A. KOENIG, 602 Flushing Avenue, Astoria, N. Y.

Every one dreads the surgeon's knife and the operating table. Sometimes nothing else will do; but many times doctors say they are necessary when they are not. Letting a doctor come to the Pinkham Laboratories telling how operations were advised and were not performed; or if performed, did no good, but Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was used and good health followed.

If you want advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential), Lynn, Mass.

Thousands Take

this mild, family remedy to avoid illness, and to improve and protect their health. They keep their blood pure, their livers active, their bowels regular and digestion sound and strong with

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World. Sold everywhere. In boxes, 10c., 25c.

Activities of Women. Thirty women are practicing dentistry in Missouri.

Miss Mary Robertson is a United States deputy marshal in Topeka, Kan. Fifteen women will attend the Democratic national convention as delegates.

For the first time in the history of the Republican conventions, women will be employed to assist in guard duty.

Mrs. Robert Lansing, wife of the secretary of state, is one of the "rookies" in the woman's camp near Washington.

HEAL YOUR SKIN TROUBLES

With Cuticura, the Quick, Sure and Easy Way. Trial Free.

Bathe with Cuticura Soap, dry and apply the Ointment. They stop itching instantly, clear away pimples, blackheads, redness and roughness, remove dandruff and scalp irritation, heal red, rough and sore hands as well as most baby skin troubles.

Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere. Adv.

The Cure. "My doctor has ordered me to Palm Beach for my health."

"What seems to be the matter with you?"

"I've been worrying too much about money matters."

"Well, you won't have anything of that sort to worry you if you stay down there long enough."

IF YOU OR ANY FRIEND Suffer from Rheumatism or Neuralgia, acute or chronic, for a free copy of the book "Cause and Cure." Money for the book, ever given, is absolutely FREE. Jesse A. Case, Dept. C. W., Brockton, Mass.—Adv.

The Bible is a good book to read. If you doubt it, brush the cobwebs off your copy and look into it.

ASTHMA

DR. J. D. KELLOGG'S ASTHMA REMEDY for the prompt relief of Asthma and Hay Fever. Ask your druggist for it. 25 cents and one dollar. Write for FREE SAMPLE. Northrop & Lyman Co., Inc., Buffalo, N.Y.

KELLOGG'S REMEDY

Every Woman Wants

Paxtine

ANTISEPTIC POWDER

FOR PERSONAL HYGIENE

Dissolved in water for douches stops pelvic catarrh, ulceration and inflammation. Recommended by Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co., for ten years. A healing wonder for nasal catarrh, sore throat and sore eyes. Economical. Has extraordinary cleansing and germicidal power. Sample sent free. Price, 50c. Postpaid. The Paxtine Sales Company, Boston, Mass.

FOR ACUTE ACHES OF THE FEET

Sprinkle on two Allen's Foot-Ease powder for a few moments. Then wash off. It takes the sting out of Corns and Bunions and smarting, aching feet. Then for lasting comfort, put Allen's Foot-Ease into your shoes. All dealers sell it. 25c. Sample sent free. Allen's, Olmsted, Le Roy, N.Y.

For Piles Use Abel's Formic Acid. Satisfaction Guaranteed or Money Refunded. For sale by all Druggists, or sent upon receipt of 25c postpaid. Send for free sample. HOME REMEDY CO., South Haven, Mich.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM. A toilet preparation for the hair. Helps to eradicate dandruff. For Restoring Color and Strength. Best for Baldness and Loss of Hair.

W. N. U., DETROIT, NO. 27-1916.

In Woman's Realm

"Morning Frock" an Innovation That Well Deserves the Success It Has Achieved—Many Materials That Are Available—Mid-summer Hats All Have Wide Brims — Three of the Pretty Models Are Illustrated Here.

When the time came to write the final chapter in the story of summer frocks, up sprang a genius who introduced a new and happy ending. And now no one wants to lay the tale aside, for the "morning frock" or "pastime suit" or "breakfast dress," as it is variously called, has added an unex-

pected interest to summer apparel. It is a garb that suits and expresses the woman of today. It is sensible and attractive and inexpensive, and it radiates snappy style.

The heavier cotton weaves in white and colors are used in making this new order of summer clothing. Cotton poplin, gaberdine, basket weaves, criss, and twills or any cotton stuff with body and durability, that will stand wear and tubbing will answer. White khaki is an excellent choice for either the skirts or coats.

In the illustration a suit is shown in which the plain white skirt is finished at the bottom with a cuff of the

trusive depth of color. A wreath of roses rests on the hair in a prim row set close to the underbrim.

At the left an odd development of the "cane-seat" hat lends daintiness to the substantial but cool-looking shape. The brim is edged with lace hair braid and outlined on the underside with lines of French blue. Picot-edged ribbon in the same shade of blue is drawn about the crown, and tiny chiffon roses with long stems appear to clamber over the crown, the stems threaded through the open spaces in the straw shape.

A familiar and always pretty hat of leghorn appears at the right, of the

radiant depth of color. A wreath of roses rests on the hair in a prim row set close to the underbrim.

At the left an odd development of the "cane-seat" hat lends daintiness to the substantial but cool-looking shape. The brim is edged with lace hair braid and outlined on the underside with lines of French blue. Picot-edged ribbon in the same shade of blue is drawn about the crown, and tiny chiffon roses with long stems appear to clamber over the crown, the stems threaded through the open spaces in the straw shape.

A familiar and always pretty hat of leghorn appears at the right, of the

radiant depth of color. A wreath of roses rests on the hair in a prim row set close to the underbrim.

At the left an odd development of the "cane-seat" hat lends daintiness to the substantial but cool-looking shape. The brim is edged with lace hair braid and outlined on the underside with lines of French blue. Picot-edged ribbon in the same shade of blue is drawn about the crown, and tiny chiffon roses with long stems appear to clamber over the crown, the stems threaded through the open spaces in the straw shape.

A familiar and always pretty hat of leghorn appears at the right, of the

radiant depth of color. A wreath of roses rests on the hair in a prim row set close to the underbrim.

At the left an odd development of the "cane-seat" hat lends daintiness to the substantial but cool-looking shape. The brim is edged with lace hair braid and outlined on the underside with lines of French blue. Picot-edged ribbon in the same shade of blue is drawn about the crown, and tiny chiffon roses with long stems appear to clamber over the crown, the stems threaded through the open spaces in the straw shape.

A familiar and always pretty hat of leghorn appears at the right, of the

radiant depth of color. A wreath of roses rests on the hair in a prim row set close to the underbrim.

At the left an odd development of the "cane-seat" hat lends daintiness to the substantial but cool-looking shape. The brim is edged with lace hair braid and outlined on the underside with lines of French blue. Picot-edged ribbon in the same shade of blue is drawn about the crown, and tiny chiffon roses with long stems appear to clamber over the crown, the stems threaded through the open spaces in the straw shape.

A familiar and always pretty hat of leghorn appears at the right, of the

radiant depth of color. A wreath of roses rests on the hair in a prim row set close to the underbrim.

At the left an odd development of the "cane-seat" hat lends daintiness to the substantial but cool-looking shape. The brim is edged with lace hair braid and outlined on the underside with lines of French blue. Picot-edged ribbon in the same shade of blue is drawn about the crown, and tiny chiffon roses with long stems appear to clamber over the crown, the stems threaded through the open spaces in the straw shape.

A familiar and always pretty hat of leghorn appears at the right, of the

radiant depth of color. A wreath of roses rests on the hair in a prim row set close to the underbrim.

At the left an odd development of the "cane-seat" hat lends daintiness to the substantial but cool-looking shape. The brim is edged with lace hair braid and outlined on the underside with lines of French blue. Picot-edged ribbon in the same shade of blue is drawn about the crown, and tiny chiffon roses with long stems appear to clamber over the crown, the stems threaded through the open spaces in the straw shape.

A familiar and always pretty hat of leghorn appears at the right, of the

radiant depth of color. A wreath of roses rests on the hair in a prim row set close to the underbrim.

At the left an odd development of the "cane-seat" hat lends daintiness to the substantial but cool-looking shape. The brim is edged with lace hair braid and outlined on the underside with lines of French blue. Picot-edged ribbon in the same shade of blue is drawn about the crown, and tiny chiffon roses with long stems appear to clamber over the crown, the stems threaded through the open spaces in the straw shape.

A familiar and always pretty hat of leghorn appears at the right, of the

radiant depth of color. A wreath of roses rests on the hair in a prim row set close to the underbrim.

At the left an odd development of the "cane-seat" hat lends daintiness to the substantial but cool-looking shape. The brim is edged with lace hair braid and outlined on the underside with lines of French blue. Picot-edged ribbon in the same shade of blue is drawn about the crown, and tiny chiffon roses with long stems appear to clamber over the crown, the stems threaded through the open spaces in the straw shape.

A familiar and always pretty hat of leghorn appears at the right, of the

radiant depth of color. A wreath of roses rests on the hair in a prim row set close to the underbrim.

At the left an odd development of the "cane-seat" hat lends daintiness to the substantial but cool-looking shape. The brim is edged with lace hair braid and outlined on the underside with lines of French blue. Picot-edged ribbon in the same shade of blue is drawn about the crown, and tiny chiffon roses with long stems appear to clamber over the crown, the stems threaded through the open spaces in the straw shape.

A familiar and always pretty hat of leghorn appears at the right, of the

radiant depth of color. A wreath of roses rests on the hair in a prim row set close to the underbrim.

At the left an odd development of the "cane-seat" hat lends daintiness to the substantial but cool-looking shape. The brim is edged with lace hair braid and outlined on the underside with lines of French blue. Picot-edged ribbon in the same shade of blue is drawn about the crown, and tiny chiffon roses with long stems appear to clamber over the crown, the stems threaded through the open spaces in the straw shape.

A familiar and always pretty hat of leghorn appears at the right, of the

radiant depth of color. A wreath of roses rests on the hair in a prim row set close to the underbrim.

At the left an odd development of the "cane-seat" hat lends daintiness to the substantial but cool-looking shape. The brim is edged with lace hair braid and outlined on the underside with lines of French blue. Picot-edged ribbon in the same shade of blue is drawn about the crown, and tiny chiffon roses with long stems appear to clamber over the crown, the stems threaded through the open spaces in the straw shape.

A familiar and always pretty hat of leghorn appears at the right, of the

radiant depth of color. A wreath of roses rests on the hair in a prim row set close to the underbrim.

At the left an odd development of the "cane-seat" hat lends daintiness to the substantial but cool-looking shape. The brim is edged with lace hair braid and outlined on the underside with lines of French blue. Picot-edged ribbon in the same shade of blue is drawn about the crown, and tiny chiffon roses with long stems appear to clamber over the crown, the stems threaded through the open spaces in the straw shape.

A familiar and always pretty hat of leghorn appears at the right, of the

radiant depth of color. A wreath of roses rests on the hair in a prim row set close to the underbrim.

At the left an odd development of the "cane-seat" hat lends daintiness to the substantial but cool-looking shape. The brim is edged with lace hair braid and outlined on the underside with lines of French blue. Picot-edged ribbon in the same shade of blue is drawn about the crown, and tiny chiffon roses with long stems appear to clamber over the crown, the stems threaded through the open spaces in the straw shape.

A familiar and always pretty hat of leghorn appears at the right, of the

radiant depth of color. A wreath of roses rests on the hair in a prim row set close to the underbrim.

At the left an odd development of the "cane-seat" hat lends daintiness to the substantial but cool-looking shape. The brim is edged with lace hair braid and outlined on the underside with lines of French blue. Picot-edged ribbon in the same shade of blue is drawn about the crown, and tiny chiffon roses with long stems appear to clamber over the crown, the stems threaded through the open spaces in the straw shape.

A familiar and always pretty hat of leghorn appears at the right, of the

radiant depth of color. A wreath of roses rests on the hair in a prim row set close to the underbrim.

At the left an odd development of the "cane-seat" hat lends daintiness to the substantial but cool-looking shape. The brim is edged with lace hair braid and outlined on the underside with lines of French blue. Picot-edged ribbon in the same shade of blue is drawn about the crown, and tiny chiffon roses with long stems appear to clamber over the crown, the stems threaded through the open spaces in the straw shape.

A familiar and always pretty hat of leghorn appears at the right, of the

radiant depth of color. A wreath of roses rests on the hair in a prim row set close to the underbrim.

At the left an odd development of the "cane-seat" hat lends daintiness to the substantial but cool-looking shape. The brim is edged with lace hair braid and outlined on the underside with lines of French blue. Picot-edged ribbon in the same shade of blue is drawn about the crown, and tiny chiffon roses with long stems appear to clamber over the crown, the stems threaded through the open spaces in the straw shape.

A familiar and always pretty hat of leghorn appears at the right, of the

radiant depth of color. A wreath of roses rests on the hair in a prim row set close to the underbrim.

At the left an odd development of the "cane-seat" hat lends daintiness to the substantial but cool-looking shape. The brim is edged with lace hair braid and outlined on the underside with lines of French blue. Picot-edged ribbon in the same shade of blue is drawn about the crown, and tiny chiffon roses with long stems appear to clamber over the crown, the stems threaded through the open spaces in the straw shape.

A familiar and always pretty hat of leghorn appears at the right, of the

radiant depth of color. A wreath of roses rests on the hair in a prim row set close to the underbrim.

At the left an odd development of the "cane-seat" hat lends daintiness to the substantial but cool-looking shape. The brim is edged with lace hair braid and outlined on the underside with lines of French blue. Picot-edged ribbon in the same shade of blue is drawn about the crown, and tiny chiffon roses with long stems appear to clamber over the crown, the stems threaded through the open spaces in the straw shape.

A familiar and always pretty hat of leghorn appears at the right, of the

radiant depth of color. A wreath of roses rests on the hair in a prim row set close to the underbrim.

At the left an odd development of the "cane-seat" hat lends daintiness to the substantial but cool-looking shape. The brim is edged with lace hair braid and outlined on the underside with lines of French blue. Picot-edged ribbon in the same shade of blue is drawn about the crown, and tiny chiffon roses with long stems appear to clamber over the crown, the stems threaded through the open spaces in the straw shape.

A familiar and always pretty hat of leghorn appears at the right, of the

radiant depth of color. A wreath of roses rests on the hair in a prim row set close to the underbrim.

At the left an odd development of the "cane-seat" hat lends daintiness to the substantial but cool-looking shape. The brim is edged with lace hair braid and outlined on the underside with lines of French blue. Picot-edged ribbon in the same shade of blue is drawn about the crown, and tiny chiffon roses with long stems appear to clamber over the crown, the stems threaded through the open spaces in the straw shape.

A familiar and always pretty hat of leghorn appears at the right, of the

radiant depth of color. A wreath of roses rests on the hair in a prim row set close to the underbrim.

Federal Inquiry or Railroad Strike?

Faced by demands from the conductors, engineers, firemen and brakemen that would impose on the country an additional burden in transportation costs of \$100,000,000 a year, the railroads propose that this wage problem be settled by reference to an impartial Federal tribunal.

With these employees, whose efficient service is acknowledged, the railroads have no differences that could not be considered fairly and decided justly by such a public body.

Railroads Urge Public Inquiry and Arbitration

The formal proposal of the railroads to the employes for the settlement of the controversy is as follows:

"Our conference have demonstrated that we cannot harmonize our differences of opinion and that eventually the matters in controversy must be passed upon by other and disinterested agencies. Therefore, we propose that your proposals and the proposition of the railroads be disposed of by one or the other of the following methods:

1. Preferably by submission to the Interstate Commerce Commission, the only tribunal which, by reason of its accumulated information bearing on railway conditions and its control of the revenue of the railroads, is in a position to consider and protect the rights and equities of all the interests affected, and to provide adequate revenue necessary to meet the added cost of operation in case your proposals are found by the Commission to be just and reasonable; or, in the event the Interstate Commerce Commission cannot, under existing laws, act in the premises, that we jointly request Congress to take such action as may be necessary to enable the Commission to consider and promptly dispose of the questions involved; or

2. By arbitration in accordance with the provisions of the Federal law" (The Newlands Act).

Leaders Refuse Offer and Take Strike Vote

Leaders of the train service brotherhoods, at the joint conference held in New York, June 1-15, refused the offer of the railroads to submit the issue to arbitration or Federal review, and the employes are now voting on the question whether authority shall be given these leaders to declare a nation-wide strike.

The Interstate Commerce Commission is proposed by the railroads as the public body to which this issue ought to be referred for these reasons:

No other body with such an intimate knowledge of railroad conditions has such an unquestioned position in the public confidence.

The rates the railroads may charge the public for transportation are now largely fixed by this Government board.

Out of every dollar received by the railroads from the public nearly one-half is paid directly to the em-

ployes as wages; and the money to pay increased wages can come from no other source than the rates paid by the public.

The Interstate Commerce Commission, with its control over rates, is in a position to make a complete investigation and render such decision as would protect the interests of the railroad employer, the owners of the railroads, and the public.

A Question For the Public to Decide

The railroads feel that they have no right to grant a wage preference of \$100,000,000 a year to these employes, now highly paid and constituting only one-fifth of all the employes, without a clear mandate from a public tribunal that shall determine the merits of the case after a review of all the facts.

The single issue before the country is whether this controversy is to be settled by an impartial Government inquiry or by industrial warfare.

National Conference Committee of the Railways

ELISHA LEE, Chairman
F. B. LURIGHE, Gen'l Manager, Atlantic Coast Line Railroad.
L. W. BALDWIN, Gen'l Manager, Central of Georgia Railway.
C. L. BANDO, Gen'l Manager, New York New Haven & Hartford Railroad.
E. H. CAMPBELL, Vice-President, Southern Railway.
S. E. COTTER, Gen'l Manager, Wabash Railway.
F. C. POWELL, Asst. Vice-President, New York Central Railroad.

G. H. EMERSON, Gen'l Manager, Great Northern Railway.
C. H. EWING, Gen'l Manager, Philadelphia & Reading Railway.
E. W. GRICE, Gen'l Manager, Chesapeake & Ohio Railway.
A. S. GREGORY, Vice-President, St. Louis & San Francisco Railroad.
G. W. KOUNS, Gen'l Manager, Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railway.
H. W. McMASTER, Gen'l Manager, Wheeling & Lake Erie Railroad.

Bowel Complaints in India.

In a lecture at one of the Des Moines, Iowa, churches a missionary from India told of going into the interior of India, where he was taken sick, that he had a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy with him and believed that it saved his life. This remedy is used successfully in India both as a preventive and cure for cholera. You may know from this that it can be depended upon for the milder forms of bowel complaint that occur in this country. Obtainable everywhere.

Boats for rent at Portage lake park, a half mile from Resort, on the M. & N. E. railroad. Fine train service from Grayling. Otto McIntyre, tf

To The Public.

"I have been using Chamberlain's Tablets for indigestion for the past six months, and it affords me pleasure to say I have never used a remedy that did me so much good."—Mrs. C. E. Riley, Illion, N. Y. Chamberlain's Tablets are obtainable everywhere.

PULL YOUR STUMPS
Add Money to Its Value
With the "AUMOND
STUMP PULLER"

THE AUMOND STUMP MACHINE COMPANY,
CEDAR SPRINGS, MICH.

Compare These Prices

of Fisk Grey Non-Skids with the plain tread styles of several other standard makes:

3 x30 . . . 10.40	4 ¹ / ₂ x35 . . . 31.20
3 ¹ / ₂ x30 . . . 13.40	4 ¹ / ₂ x36 . . . 31.55
4 x33 . . . 22.00	5 x37 . . . 37.30

Then you will begin to understand why Fisk users consider

FISK Non-Skids

The Best Tire Buy on the Market

THIS year Fisk Tires are making greater mileage records than ever before. Fisk Service at more than 125 Direct Fisk Branches—dealer and tire user alike are assured of the promptest attention and service. The Fisk Branch organization is the most complete and widespread in the whole country.

Grayling Machinery Repair Co.

Fisk Branches in More Than 125 Cities

ADVOCATES USE OF LARGE SPACE

PAGE ADS IN NEWSPAPERS PUT PEP IN SELLING CAMPAIGNS.

So Says E. C. Tibbitts, Advertising Director of the B. F. Goodrich Company.

E. C. Tibbitts, advertising manager of B. F. Goodrich Company, of Akron, O., in a recent address turned the searchlight upon newspaper advertising and proved that it rested upon a stable, secure and successful foundation for the wide-spread propagation of the gospel of modern merchandizing.

"I don't care how many auto's you own, or whether you're a movie bug, or a golf fiend, a card shark, a book-worm, or whether the whole family is down sick, you read the newspapers, everyone of you. There's nothing in the realm of print that beats the newspaper-reading habit for hanging on to your curiosity. You must know who is being nominated, for president, how many warships went down yesterday, what is happening in town, in other cities and in other countries, and you must know it today."

RIGHT KINDS OF ADS ALSO READ.

"And when you read the newspapers you must read the ads. You can't escape them, not when they are written so that they uncover a vital spot in your armful of supposed indifference. Any other kind of an ad doesn't count. You wouldn't read it if time hung heavy on your hands."

"I believe an advertiser should not attempt to capture the full quota of newspaper readers by small space unless forced to. Use quarter pages and half pages as much as you can. Then your message can't be missed."

"And every now and then run in a full page ad. It will put pep into almost any selling campaign. It tows head and shoulders above the other claimants for attention. It is impressive. It's the 'big voice' in modern merchandizing—the voice that is heard 'round the whole city and out across the highways and by-ways of a paper's trading territory. It's a 42 cm. canon shot, and its deep boom signals a selling victory."

"Every quarter page or half page ad that follows a page has twice the chance to succeed and to interest and impress the great bulk of readers with the advertiser's message. Experience proves it."

GOODRICH PAGE ADS HIT THE MARK.

"The B. F. Goodrich Co., recently ran a page ad all over the country entitled 'Integrity, and the house behind the fire.' The effect of this page was electrical. Dealers everywhere pasted the page in their windows. Newspaper readers were deeply impressed with the bigness and good faith of the wonderful Goodrich organization.

"The cost of this page in no sense represented the great dollars and cents good-will value, which the Goodrich company secured as a result. It was a money-maker, was that page ad. And it has vastly helped its smaller brothers, the quarter and half pages which followed, to sell Goodrich tires. It put thousands upon thousands of dollars' worth of life into the whole campaign above what it cost. It has proved itself a wonderful investment."

Boats for rent at Portage lake park, a half mile from Resort, on the M. & N. E. railroad. Fine train service from Grayling. Otto McIntyre, tf

To The Public.

"I have been using Chamberlain's Tablets for indigestion for the past six months, and it affords me pleasure to say I have never used a remedy that did me so much good."—Mrs. C. E. Riley, Illion, N. Y. Chamberlain's Tablets are obtainable everywhere.

JOHN M. PERRY.

Candidate for State Senator, Republican Ticket, 28th Senatorial District.

My Platform:
Spend Less Money,
Reduce Taxes.

I solicit your support at the Primary election to be held August 29th, 1916, and as an index of what my work in the legislature would be, I submit my record as member of the House of Representatives, sessions of 1907-9 and 11. I wish to be understood that I have only one idea, as to needed legislation, but I do most emphatically claim that the matter of taxation is one of the most important to the people of this state. A recent analysis of this subject shows that in the last ten years, taxation has increased nearly two hundred per cent, while population has increased only about twenty-five per cent in this state, and the last two sessions of our legislature practically doubled the amount of our state taxes. I am confident that this ratio of increase can be reduced without doing any material injury to any of the beneficiaries of state taxes.

As a member of the House of 1911, I took an active part in an effort to enact a law intended to place the matter of expenditures for our state institutions on a business basis; I refer to the Bill to create a Central Board of Control, but in the absence of any legislation governing appropriations, I know from experience, as member of the Ways & Means Committee of the House of 1911, that this committee in union with the Finance committee of the Senate, can, if they please, equalize appropriations. At that session we were able to reduce

the amounts asked for by one half, and by so doing and with the assistance of a Governor who always insisted on the strictest economy, we were able to keep the appropriations down to a point that showed only a normal increase, and that too in face of the fact that we had to add \$750,000.00 to the general budget to take care of a deficit then existing in the general fund. I have been and am yet, in favor of applying business methods to our state finances.

Editorial—Hon. J. M. Perry was unanimously endorsed by the Republicans at county convention while in session in Reed City in April and from present appearances will receive practically the solid support of the Republicans of Osceola county.

Editorial—Hon. J. M. Perry was unani-

mously endorsed by the Republicans at county convention while in session in Reed City in April and from present appearances will receive practically the solid support of the Republi-

cans of Osceola county.

\$100 Reward, \$100.
The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages and that is catarrh. Hall's Catarrh cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease and giving the person strength by building up the constitution and assisting him in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative power that they offer \$100 for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Editorial—Hon. J. M. Perry was unani-

mously endorsed by the Republicans at county convention while in session in Reed City in April and from present ap-

peal.

Editorial—Hon. J. M. Perry was unani-

mously endorsed by the Republicans at county convention while in session in Reed City in April and from present ap-

peal.

Editorial—Hon. J. M. Perry was unani-

mously endorsed by the Republicans at county convention while in session in Reed City in April and from present ap-

peal.

Editorial—Hon. J. M. Perry was unani-

mously endorsed by the Republicans at county convention while in session in Reed City in April and from present ap-

peal.

Editorial—Hon. J. M. Perry was unani-

mously endorsed by the Republicans at county convention while in session in Reed City in April and from present ap-

peal.

Editorial—Hon. J. M. Perry was unani-

mously endorsed by the Republicans at county convention while in session in Reed City in April and from present ap-

peal.

Editorial—Hon. J. M. Perry was unani-

mously endorsed by the Republicans at county convention while in session in Reed City in April and from present ap-

peal.

Editorial—Hon. J. M. Perry was unani-

mously endorsed by the Republicans at county convention while in session in Reed City in April and from present ap-

peal.

Editorial—Hon. J. M. Perry was unani-

mously endorsed by the Republicans at county convention while in session in Reed City in April and from present ap-

peal.

Editorial—Hon. J. M. Perry was unani-

mously endorsed by the Republicans at county convention while in session in Reed City in April and from present ap-

peal.

Editorial—Hon. J. M. Perry was unani-

mously endorsed by the Republicans at county convention while in session in Reed City in April and from present ap-

peal.

Editorial—Hon. J. M. Perry was unani-

mously endorsed by the Republicans at county convention while in session in Reed City in April and from present ap-

peal.

Editorial—Hon. J. M. Perry was unani-

mously endorsed by the Republicans at county convention while in session in Reed City in April and from present ap-

peal.

Editorial—Hon. J. M. Perry was unani-

mously endorsed by the Republicans at county convention while in session in Reed City in April and from present ap-

peal.

Editorial—Hon. J. M. Perry was unani-

mously endorsed by the Republicans at county convention while in session in Reed City in April and from present ap-

peal.

Editorial—Hon. J. M. Perry was unani-

mously endorsed by the Republicans at county convention while in session in Reed City in April and from present ap-

peal.

Editorial—Hon. J. M. Perry was unani-

mously endorsed by the Republicans at county convention while in session in Reed City in April and from present ap-

peal.

Editorial—Hon. J. M. Perry was unani-

mously endorsed by the Republicans at county convention while in session in Reed City in April and from present ap-

peal.

Editorial—Hon. J. M. Perry was unani-

mously endorsed by the Republicans at county convention while in session in Reed City in April and from present ap-